

NỘI DUNG ÔN TẬP KIỂM TRA ĐỊNH KỲ HỌC KÌ 1
MÔN ANH - LỚP 11

A. HÌNH THỨC KIỂM TRA

- * Hình thức kiểm tra : Trắc nghiệm hoàn toàn 40 câu/ mỗi câu 0.25đ, thời gian làm bài 50 phút
- * Giới hạn chủ đề đọc hiểu và từ vựng ở các **Unit 3,4,5** (bám sát Student book, Work book và đề cương ôn tập)

B. NỘI DUNG ÔN TẬP

1. Nghe (Listening): 4 câu (nằm trong chủ đề 2 Unit 4,5)
2. Bài đọc hiểu (Guided-Close): 5 câu dạng thức Phrase or Clause (nằm trong chủ đề 3 Unit 3,4,5)
3. Bài đọc hiểu (Advertisement or Announcement): 4 câu
 - 1 câu Collocation
 - 1 câu preposition
 - 1 câu ngữ nghĩa
 - 1 câu word form
4. Bài đọc hiểu (Reading & Comprehension): 8 câu (nằm trong chủ đề 3 Unit 3,4,5)
5. Từ vựng: 6 câu (nằm trong chủ đề 2 Unit 4,5)
6. Sắp xếp (Rearrangement): 5 câu theo dạng thức sau:
 - a – b – c , a – b – c – d , a – b – c – d – e , a – b – c – d – e – f (2 câu)
7. Synonym : 2 câu (nằm trong chủ đề 2 Unit 4,5)
8. Opposite: 2 câu (nằm trong chủ đề 2 Unit 4,5)
9. Transformation; 4 câu (nằm trong chủ đề 2 Unit 4,5)

C. CÂU HỎI ÔN TẬP HOẶC ĐỀ ÔN TẬP

TIẾNG ANH 11 GLOBAL SUCCESS

UNIT 3: CITIES OF THE FUTURE

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the correct word or phrase that best fits each of the numbered blanks.

A future in the dark

For many of us, we are working, traveling and shopping in hours that used to be reserved for relaxation and sleep. But according to the results of tests being (1) _____ by scientists, we are no longer getting enough darkness in our lives. In fact, research shows that a growing number of health and environmental problems are due to a loss of darkness.

Life has evolved with a day or night cycle. People who go without this day or night rhythm will notice an adverse impact on their immune systems, and that's not a good sign. We are (2) _____

a conflict between what our mind wants, and what our internal body clock prepares us for. Some experts explain that our biological clock is similar to the conductor of an orchestra, with the multiple rhythms of the body representing the various orchestra sections.

The body clock is based on the light or dark cycle and it governs us for every (3) _____ of activity and rest in our lives. It ensures that all our various internal systems are working together - this is its sole purpose. By moving to 24 - hour living, and not taking into (4) _____ the dark side, we will effectively be throwing away the advantages of evolution, whether we care to admit it or not.

- | | | | |
|-------------------|--------------------|---------------|---------------|
| 1. A. carried out | B. carried through | C. worked | D. worked off |
| 2. A. creating | B. contributing | C. giving | D. increasing |
| 3. A. prospect | B. attitude | C. position | D. type |
| 4. A. account | B. interest | C. importance | D. detail |

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions.

A NEW CAPITAL

When the new state of Pakistan was founded in 1947, Karachi acted as the capital city. However, it was difficult for Karachi to remain in this role due to a number of drawbacks such as the climate and the state of the existing buildings. Rather than try to overcome these drawbacks, the government decided to create a new capital city. In 1959, a commission was established to investigate the possible locations of this new city. The advisor appointed to the commission was Dr Doxiadis, a famous architect and city planner.

Dr Doxiadis and his colleagues looked at the various locations. They then produced a report suggesting two possible areas: one just outside Karachi and the other to the north of Rawalpindi. Both locations had advantages as well as disadvantages. Which site was it to be?

The choice between these two options was made after consideration of many factors, such as transportation, the availabilities of water, economic factors, and factors of national interest. Finally, the site north of Rawalpindi was chosen and on the 24th February 1960, the new capital was given the name of 'Islamabad' and a master plan was drawn up. This master plan divided the area into three different sections: Islamabad itself, neighbouring Rawalpindi, and the national park.

Each of these three sections had a different role. Islamabad would act as the national's capital and would serve its administrative and cultural needs, whereas Rawalpindi would remain the regional centre with industry and commerce. The third piece of the plan, the national park, was planned to provide space for education, recreation, and agriculture.

Today Islamabad is a thriving city of about 1 million people. It offers a healthy a pollution-free atmosphere, plenty of water, and many green spaces. Guide tree-lined streets, elegant public buildings, and well-organised bazaars and shopping centres. The new capital is a superb example of good urban planning.

5. Why was a commission founded in 1959?

- A. to overcome the drawbacks of Karachi as a capital city
- B. to create a new capital city for Pakistan
- C. to look into possibilities of the locations for a new capital city
- D. to appoint an advisor for planning the new capital city

6. How many places were suggested for the new capital city in the initial reports?

A. 1

B. 2

C. 3

D. 4

7. Which of the following factors was NOT considered when choosing the location for the new capital city?

- A. the climate and the state of the existing buildings
- B. transportation and the availabilities of water
- C. economic issues
- D. issues of national interest

8. What does the passage primarily describe?

- A. The history of the two capital cities of Pakistan.
- B. The disappearance of the old capital city of Pakistan.
- C. The reasons why Islamabad became the new capital city of Pakistan.
- D. The choice and development of Islamabad as the modern capital of Pakistan.

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to choose the word or phrase that best fits each other numbered blanks.

World Car free Day

Each year, on September 22nd, people in over 1,500 cities in 40 countries around the global (9) _____ World Car free Day. This annual event, (10) _____ is coordinated by the World Car free Network in Prague and supported by the European Union and the United Nations, aims to raise awareness (11) _____ the problems caused by our independence on private cars. Streets are closed to traffic and opened to street parties, theater, bicycle demonstrations or outdoor cafes, in order to show people what their city might look like if there were fewer or no cars. Over one hundred million people are believed to take (12) _____ in celebrations, though this figure is difficult to verify.

- | | | | |
|-----------------|-----------|-----------|----------|
| 9. A. celebrate | B. expect | C. host | D. enjoy |
| 10. A. what | B. where | C. which | D. who |
| 11. A. about | B. on | C. for | D. of |
| 12. A. place | B. off | C. action | D. part |

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C or D on you answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions.

2026

We may not be driving around in hover cars or eating tablets instead of tasty food, but in 10 years' time some things will be very different. The four - day working week will certainly be a reality, so we'll have a lot more time for leisure activities. But what else will be different?

If you ask a hundred people to look into the future, you will probably get a hundred answers. But two major themes seem to **emerge** from almost every prediction made. The first is variety in every aspect of our lives. We'll probably be living in what futurologists have called a 'multi - option society'. You may be married with 2.2 children, but this won't be the norm any more. It will simply be one of a number of choices, along with living in groups and living alone. The other huge influence on our lives will be micro technology - computers and telecommunications. Take work, for instance, factories will be run largely by robots, so they'll be cleaner places for the few people who work in them. Offices, too, will go electronic with the result that paper will almost completely disappear. More people will work from home at computers linked to a head office. Their homes may even be turned into 'electronic cottages', with Mum, Dad and even the children all sharing one or maybe two jobs.

13. In 2026, it will probably true that _____.

- A. people will work longer hours

- B. people will enjoy more new forms of entertainment
- C. there will be no tasty food
- D. the weekends will be longer

14. **It can be inferred from the text that _____.**

- A. a hundred people were asked for opinions about the future
- B. a hundred people surveyed answered differently about the future
- C. different people tend to have different opinions
- D. people are optimistic about the future

15. **What is true of a "multi-option society"?**

- A. You will have to live alone if not married
- B. It will be the norm to get married and have children
- C. You may choose to live with other people in groups
- D. You will be allowed to have no more than 2.2 children

16. **What can be inferred about changes in the workplace?**

- A. More people will work from home instead of traveling to the workplace
- B. Robots will replace all human beings in factories
- C. People's home will go electronic and be turned in to offices
- D. Paper will no longer exist in offices

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct word or phrase that best fits each of the numbered blanks

In the future, cities will experience many changes to adapt to (17) _____ populations and environmental concerns. These cities will use advanced technologies to make life better for the people who live there. They will have smart transportation systems that are more efficient and include things like self-driving cars and improved public transportation. The cities will also focus (18) _____ being more environmentally friendly by using renewable energy sources and designing buildings that are good for the environment. (19) _____, there will be a greater emphasis on including everyone in city life, with better access for people with disabilities and opportunities for people to be (20) _____ in decision-making through digital platforms. Overall, the cities of the future will aim to create a better balance between technology and the well-being of the people who call them home.

- | | | | |
|---------------------|-----------------|-------------|--------------|
| 17. A. grown | B. grew | C. grow | D. growing |
| 18. A. on | B. about | C. of | D. in |
| 19. A. Additionally | B. Consequently | C. However | D. Therefore |
| 20. A. interested | B. specialized | C. invested | D. involved |

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions

Where smart cities were once regarded purely as a vision of the future, they are now becoming a reality in numerous urban centres across the globe. From Dubai, Singapore, Amsterdam, Copenhagen, and Madrid to Southampton in the UK, we're already beginning to see smart cities provide inhabitants with improved living conditions, easier mobility and cleaner, safer environments, by using cloud computing to power services. But as with all public sector initiatives, smart city services need to be delivered as cost effectively as possible to minimise the taxpayer burden. Often, key decision makers are met with obstacles when it comes to deploying smart services, preventing smart cities initiatives from reaching their full potential – or worse, blocking them altogether.

Central to the functioning of most 'normal' city ecosystems is the underlying data **they** run on.

Regardless as to whether that data is stored on local servers or using cloud storage, when that data is fragmented or incomplete, identifying emerging trends for strategic planning and cost reduction becomes extremely difficult – and because of this, authorities have to adopt an entirely reactive approach. Conversely, in a smart city environment, connected sensors forming an Internet of Things (IoT) provide valuable data for analysis and, in turn, insight into the specific city’s behavioural trends. With this level of information, services can be optimised to reduce costs and risk, increase urban flows and manage assets. Importantly, they can also provide real-time connections and interactions between the city’s businesses, local governments, service providers and citizens.

In this way, operations and services are **elevated** through the integration and connection of physical devices via IoT networks, ultimately transforming how a city runs.

(Source: <https://www.techradar.com/>)

18. Which best serves as the title for the passage?

- | | |
|-----------------------------|------------------------|
| A. A question of data. | B. Alignment of minds. |
| C. Smart city’s supporters. | D. The same old route. |

19. According to paragraph 1, which statement is correct about the current situation for smart cities?

- A. Smart cities promise technological convenience so high service fees are not a problem.
- B. Dubai, Amsterdam and Hampton are among the cities advancing the title of “smart”.
- C. There still exist many challenges for the institution and development of smart cities.
- D. The already successful smart city in the world were the works of policy-makers.

20. According to paragraph 2, what is the matter that the author want to emphasise?

- | | |
|---|--|
| A. Human’s urge to share information. | B. The importance of data network. |
| C. The possibilities of tech disasters. | D. The caliber of artificial intelligence. |

21. The word “elevated” in paragraph 3 can be replaced by _____.

- | | | | |
|------------|---------------|--------------|-------------|
| A. demoted | B. controlled | C. dignified | D. upgraded |
|------------|---------------|--------------|-------------|

UNIT 4: ASEAN AND VIETNAM PRACTICETEST 1

Mark the letter a, b, c, or d to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the three in pronunciation in each of the following questions.

- | | | | |
|------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| 1. A. <u>co</u> munity | B. <u>co</u> mpliment | C. <u>co</u> ntribution | D. <u>ho</u> nour |
| 2. A. <u>r</u> epl <u>y</u> | B. <u>q</u> ualif <u>y</u> | C. <u>a</u> pp <u>l</u> y | D. <u>h</u> obb <u>y</u> |
| 3. A. <u>de</u> velopm <u>e</u> nt | B. <u>co</u> m <u>m</u> unit <u>y</u> | C. <u>p</u> rese <u>n</u> tation | D. <u>p</u> rosperit <u>y</u> |

Mark the letter a, b, c, or d to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position of the primary stress in each of the following questions.

- | | | | |
|-------------------|---------------|-------------|----------------|
| 4. A. compliment | B. leadership | C. politics | D. proposal |
| 5. A. participant | B. beneficial | C. activity | D. traditional |
| 6. A. surprise | B. promote | C. apply | D. manage |

Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the underlined part that needs correction in each of the following questions.

7. I'm sorry that I didn't remember borrowing \$100 from you, but I promise paying you back as soon as I get my salary next week.
A. borrowing B. from C. paying D. as soon as
8. We are used to live next door to each other at one time.
A. are used B. to live C. to D. at one time
9. Wearing uniforms help students feel equal whether they are rich or poor.
A. Wearing B. help C. feel equal D. are

Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the word(s) CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

10. In making policy city, officials depend on over fifty citizen advisory boards and commissions for citizen input.
A. responsible for B. rely on C. impact on D. thank for
11. Mainstream economists argue that the purpose of the policy is to promote economic efficiency.
A. eventuate B. stabilize C. boost D. activate

Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the word(s) OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

12. Viet Nam and Laos will closely cooperate to strengthen the solidarity of ASEAN and enhance the vital role of the group in regional security structure.
A. agreement B. cooperation C. separation D. fellowship
13. The country's continued prosperity is dependent on the opportunities and achievements of all its residents.
A. poverty B. inflation C. insecurity D. wealth

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the correct word or phrase that best fits each of the numbered blanks.

The Association of Southeast Asian Nations or ASEAN was (14) _____ on August 8, 1967 in Bangkok by the five original member countries, namely Indonesia, Malaysia, Philippines, Singapore, and Thailand. Brunei Darussalam (15) _____ on January 8, 1984, Vietnam on July 28, 1995, Lao PDR and Myanmar on July 23, 1997, and Cambodia on April 30, 1999.

As of 2006, the ASEAN region has a population of about 560 million, a total area of 4.5 million square kilometers, a combined gross (16) _____ product of almost US\$ 1,100 billion, and a total trade of about US\$ 1,400 billion.

The ASEAN Declaration states that the aims and purposes of the Association are to (17) _____ economic growth, social progress and cultural development in the region and to promote regional peace.

14. A. established B. constructed C. rebuilt D. decorated
15. A. took up B. joined C. represented D. involved
16. A. home B. exotic C. domestic D. household
17. A. fetch B. endeavor C. poach D. accelerate

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions.

THE ASEAN UNIVERSITY NETWORK

It is clear that the Association of Southeast Asian Nations, or ASEAN, established in 1967, has achieved remarkable progress in strengthening the ties and promoting cooperation among countries in Southeast Asia, especially in terms of cultural, economic, and social collaborations. However, it was not until the Fourth ASEAN Summit in 1992 that cooperation in the fields of higher education and human resource development became the point of attention of the ASEAN leaders.

The idea was later developed into the ASEAN University Network (AUN). The network was founded in November 1995 with the original number of 13 universities in ASEAN member countries. After the enlargement of ASEAN by the ASEAN Charter in 1997 and 1999, the AUN membership increased to 20 member universities, with the addition of two universities from Myanmar, three from Laos, Malaysia, and Cambodia, and two from Indonesia.

The main objective of the AUN is to strengthen the existing network of cooperation among universities in ASEAN by promoting collaborative studies and research programs. Furthermore, the AUN attempts to promote cooperation and solidarity among scientists and scholars in the region and to develop academic and professional human resources as well as to spread scientific knowledge and information among the universities in the region.

18. **The ASEAN University Network_____.**
 - A. took 2 years to establish from the original idea
 - B. has increased the number of universities in ASEAN
 - C. has developed its membership since its establishment
 - D. led to the enlargement of ASEAN by the ASEAN Charter
19. **The statement to which the author would most probably disagree is that_____.**
 - A. ASEAN's growth is significant and pretty fast
 - B. there are noticeable improvements in several fields in ASEAN
 - C. cooperation and collaborations are the key to success
 - D. giving higher education a low priority is reasonable
20. **All of the following could be strategies of the AUN to achieve its goals EXCEPT_____.**
 - A. national training programs for developing human resources
 - B. conferences on education and science
 - C. the transfer of scientific knowledge and information among its members
 - D. exchange programs for students and professors
21. **The word "existing" in paragraph 3 could best be replaced by _____.**

A. officially recognized	B. currently in operation
C. struggling for survival	D. facing extinction

Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.

22. The health clinic is relying on _____ to run the office and answer the phones.

A. charities	B. representatives	C. volunteers	D. individuals
--------------	--------------------	---------------	----------------
23. What makes you think that you are _____ for this job?

A. qualified	B. famous	C. available	D. better
--------------	-----------	--------------	-----------
24. Our ultimate _____ must be the preservation of the environment.

A. result	B. goal	C. object	D. attack
-----------	---------	-----------	-----------

25. They met to discuss the _____ of working conditions at the factory.
A. issues B. difficulties C. sets D. worries
26. I'd like everyone to make a _____ towards the discussion.
A. donation B. contribution C. provision D. production
27. Improving your _____ can help you find higher-paid work.
A. cultural exchanges B. contributions C. leadership skills D. volunteers
28. The mayors of Tokyo and New York signed an agreement to encourage _____ between the cities.
A. cultural exchanges B. problem-solving skill
C. issues D. development
29. I used my phone to _____ from Times Square, New York City.
A. propose B. livestream C. apply D. interview
30. The film 'China Blue' is a(n) _____ look into the lives of sweatshops.
A. qualified B. young C. forgettable D. eye-opening
31. We're entering a new phase in international _____.
A. relationships B. relations C. friendships D. connections
32. Viet Nam is consistently a friend and reliable partner to all nations, and a responsible member of the international _____.
A. maintenance B. viewer C. principle D. community
33. Regular dialogue and cooperation contribute to the _____ of peace and security in the region.
A. stability B. trust C. solution D. maintenance

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that best completes the following exchanges.

34. Ann: "How well you are playing" - Peter " _____ "
A. Say it again. I like to hear your words B. Thank you too much
C. Many thanks, that's a nice compliment D. I think so. I'm too proud of myself
35. Son: "I got 100 for TOEFL IBT" - Mother: " _____ "
A. Good for you. Thank you. B. I'm glad you say so.
C. Well done! I'm very proud of you. D. You can do it.

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that is closest in meaning to each of the following questions.

36. **Please remember that you must buy some stamps.**
A. Please remember to buy some stamps.
B. Please remember buying some stamps.
C. Please remember to be bought some stamps.
D. Please remember to buying some stamps.
37. **We can't go to work because of the fog.**
A. The fog prevented us from going to work.
B. The fog prevented us to going to work.
C. The fog prevented us from not going to work.
D. The fog prevented us from not to go to work.
38. **He would rather go swimming than go shopping.**
A. He prefers going swimming to going shopping.

- B. He prefers go swimming to go shopping.
 C. He prefers to going swimming to going shopping.
 D. He prefers going swimming than going shopping.
39. ***Doing this work is useless.***
 A. It's no good doing this work.
 B. It's no good to doing this work.
 C. It's no good for doing this work.
 D. It's no use to doing this work.
40. ***We expect to travel around our country.***
 A. We look forward to traveling around our country.
 B. We look forward to travel around our country.
 C. We look forward for traveling around our country.
 D. We look forward traveling around our country.

UNIT 4: ASEAN AND VIETNAM PRACTICE TEST 2

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the three in pronunciation in each of the following questions

- | | | | |
|-----------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------|
| 1. A. an <u>ce</u> stor | B. <u>c</u> onference | C. <u>c</u> ontribution | D. <u>c</u> urrent issue |
| 2. A. y <u>ou</u> th | B. clo <u>th</u> ing | C. <u>th</u> eme | D. streng <u>th</u> en |
| 3. A. ar <u>ch</u> itecture | B. <u>sch</u> olarship | C. <u>ach</u> ieve | D. <u>ch</u> emist |

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position of the primary stress in each of the following questions.

- | | | | |
|---------------------|--------------|-------------------|---------------|
| 4. A. unforgettable | B. volunteer | C. representative | D. prosperity |
| 5. A. conference | B. interview | C. disability | D. leadership |
| 6. A. arrangement | B. region | C. relations | D. experience |

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word in each of the following questions.

7. This year's conference will review what has been achieved and discuss the key goals.
 A. targets B. findings C. destinations D. terms
8. The students also took part in a variety of cultural activities such as singing traditional songs and making ASEAN posters.
 A. make friends with B. shook hands in
 C. cooperated in D. participated in

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

9. Smart cities are built on new technologies to improve people's lives.
 A. affect B. recover C. enhance D. worsen
10. Making a speech at the ASEAN Student Leaders Forum is an eye – opening experience for her.
 A. normal B. practical C. considerable D. hands-on

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheer to indicate the underlined part that needs correction in each of the following questions.

11. Singapore is a popularity travel destination, making tourism one of its largest industries. About 9.7 million tourists visited Singapore in 2006.

A. popularity
visited
B. making
C. industries
D.

12. Singapore is an island nation with 63 islands, located at the southern tip of the Malay Peninsula. At 704.0 km², it is a smallest country in Southeast Asia.

A. with 63
B. located
C. At 704.0 km²
D. a

13. We regret to lend him some money. He never paid me back.

A. regret
B. to lend
C. never paid
D. back

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to choose the word or phrase that best fits each other numbered blanks.

What is the Association of Southeast Asian Nations (ASEAN) and what is its purpose? The Association of Southeast Asian Nations (ASEAN) is a multilateral organization which was (14) _____ to give Southeast Asian states a forum to communicate (15) _____ each other. Since the region had a long colonial past and a history of endemic warfare, there has never been much peaceful and constructive interaction between kings, presidents and other officials. A neutral forum was, therefore, a very useful development for all of those countries. ASEAN was formed as a result of the Bangkok Declaration of 1967 and initially had five members: Thailand, Malaysia, Indonesia, the Philippines and Singapore. Brunei subsequently joined in 1984 after it had won independence from Britain. Vietnam became the seventh member of the group, officially joining in 1995. (16) _____ several years of negotiation, Myanmar and Laos joined in 1997 and the final member of the ten, Cambodia, joined in 1999. The only (17) _____ state in Southeast Asia which is not a member of ASEAN is now East Timor. It is still too vulnerable and fragile to be able to participate for the foreseeable future.

14. A. created
B. made
C. done
D. discovered
15. A. in
B. on
C. with
D. for
16. A. before
B. after
C. since
D. while
17. A. dependent
B. independent
C. independently
D. independence

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C or D on you answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions.

The Association of Southeast Asian Nations or ASEAN was established on 8 August 1967 in Bangkok by the five original Member Countries, namely, Indonesia, Malaysia, Philippines, Singapore, and Thailand. Brunei joined on 8 January 1984, Vietnam on 28 July 1995, Lao PDR and Myanmar on 23 July 1997, and Cambodia on 30 April 1999. The ASEAN Declaration states that the aims and purposes of the Association are: to accelerate economic growth, social progress and cultural development in the region and to promote regional peace and stability through abiding respect for justice and the rule of law in the relationship among countries in the region and adherence to the principles of the United Nations Charter.

In 2003, the ASEAN Leaders resolved that an ASEAN Community shall be established comprising three pillars, namely, ASEAN Security Community, ASEAN Economic Community and ASEAN Socio- Cultural Community.

The ASEAN Vision 2020, adopted by the ASEAN Leaders on the 30th Anniversary of ASEAN, agreed on a shared vision of ASEAN as a concert of Southeast Asian nations, outward looking, living in peace, stability and prosperity, bonded together in partnership in dynamic development and in a community of caring societies. ASEAN Member Countries

have adopted the following fundamental principles in their relations with one another, as contained in the Treaty of Amity and Cooperation in Southeast Asia (TAC):

- Mutual respect for the independence, sovereignty, equality, territorial integrity, and national identity of all nations;
- The right of every State to lead its national existence free from external interference, subversion or coercion;
- Non-interference in the internal affairs of one another;
- Settlement of differences or disputes by peaceful manner;
- Renunciation of the threat or use of force; and
- Effective cooperation among themselves.

18. According to the text, which nation is the last member to join The Association of Southeast Asian Nations up to now.

- A. Vietnam B. The Philippines C. Brunei D. Cambodia

19. The ASEAN Declaration is about_____.

- A. the cultures of all the members of the organization
B. the development of all countries all over the world
C. the aims and purposes of the organization
D. the laws of the members of the organization

20. The Treaty of Amity and Cooperation in Southeast Asia .

- A. is not accepted by ASEAN Member Countries
B. consists of fundamental principles in the relations of ASEAN Member Countries
C. is disapproved by ASEAN Member Countries
D. has two principles

21. Which principle does not belong to the Treaty of Amity and Cooperation in Southeast Asia?

- A. interference in the internal affairs of member countries
B. effective cooperation
C. mutual respect
D. peaceful manner

Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.

22. The ASEAN Science and Technology Week aims to promote science and technology _____ in the region

- A. tourism B. solution C. forestry D. development

23. The ASEAN Vision 2020 agrees on a shared vision of ASEAN, living in peace_____, and prosperity.

- A. stability B. Regularity C. firmness D. strength

24. The right of every nation is to lead its national existence free from external_____.

- A. involvement B. prevention C. interference D. interruption

25. Viet Nam and other ASEAN members always desire that other countries, particularly the major powers, support the ASEAN Community's _____, its principle of consensus and unity. (Former Prime Minister Nguyen Tan Dung)

- A. role model B. central function C. central role D. middle role

26. A deeply connected _____ will surely bring member countries and the region more practical benefits.

- A. bloc B. block C. group D. team
27. The ASEAN Schools Games focus on promoting ASEAN _____ in the youth through school sports
- A. solidity B. support C. solidarity D. agreement
28. The collective will of the nations of Southeast Asia will bind themselves together in friendship and _____.
- A. willingness B. friendliness C. relationship D. cooperation
29. She is looking for a personal _____ with good organizational skills.
- A. assist B. assistance C. assistant D. assisting
30. The discovery of oil brought many _____ to the town.
- A. benefits B. weaknesses C. shortcomings D. mottos
31. She loved the _____ and fruitfulness of the autumn, when the whole countryside was ablaze with rich golden colours.
- A. behavior B. principle C. charter D. charm
32. The recent free elections mark the next step in the country 's _____ towards democracy.
- A. progress B. brochure C. constitution D. principle
33. ASEAN stands for _____ of Southeast Asian Nations.
- A. Assistance B. Association C. Assonance D. Academy

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that best completes the following exchanges.

34. Sophia: How do you feel about the activities on the tour?
Ben: _____. The schedule is too packed, and I prefer a more relaxed pace.
- A. I'm not really into it. B. It's my passion!
C. It's none of your business. D. I don't have time to talk right now.
35. A: I was wondering if you need any help on your new project.
B: _____
- A. No, I don't. B. It's very kind to me.
C. Sure! That would be great! D. You're welcome.

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that is closest in meaning to each of the following questions.

36. **When did he buy this car?**
- A. How far has he bought this car? B. How long has he bought this car?
C. How often has he bought this car? D. How has he bought this car?
37. **In the middle of our lunch, there was a knock at the door.**
- A. While we were having lunch, there was a knock at the door.
B. When we knocked at the door, we were having lunch.
C. While we had just finished lunch, there was a knock at the door.
D. While our lunch were in the middle, there was a knock at the door.
38. **During his dinner, the phone rang.**
- A. While he was having dinner, the phone rang.
B. While the phone was ringing, he had dinner.
C. He had finished dinner when the phone rang.
D. He have finished dinner when the phone rang.
39. **I met her during my stay in Paris last summer.**
- A. I met her when I stayed in Paris last summer.
B. I met her while I was staying in Paris last summer.
C. I met her during I was staying in Paris last summer.
D. I stayed in Paris last summer while I meeting her.

40. I started learning French 2 years ago.

- A. I have learned French for 2 years.
- B. It has been 2 years when I started learning French.
- C. I learned French for 2 years.
- D. It has been 2 years I learned French.

UNIT 5: GLOBAL WARMING

PRACTICE TEST 1

Mark the letter a, b, c, or d to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the three in pronunciation in each of the following questions.

- 1. A. level B. temperature C. negative D. renewable
- 2. A. carbon B. slogan C. amount D. climate
- 3. A. information B. carbonization C. deforestation D. temperature

Mark the letter a, b, c, or d to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position of the primary stress in each of the following questions.

- 4. A. responsible B. conservation C. reliable D. renewable
- 5. A. pollutant B. energy C. atmosphere D. negative
- 6. A. material B. deforest C. consequence D. pollution

Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the underlined part that needs correction in each of the following questions.

- 7. Sat by the beach, I kept thinking about how my life has changed.
A. Sat B. the beach C. thinking D. has changed
- 8. Inventing by an Indiana housewife in 1889, the first dishwasher was driven by a steam engine.
A. Inventing B. dishwasher C. was driven D. engine
- 9. Trained extensively for the marathon, Maria was well-prepared for the race.
A. Trained B. for C. marathon D. the

Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the word(s) CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

- 10. We may help if we cut down on energy use by using LED lightbulbs and unplug unused electronic devices.
A. reuse B. reduce C. recycle D. reproduce
- 11. The river was polluted when the residents released a huge amount of sewage.
A. contaminated B. disappeared C. purified D. endangered

Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the word(s) OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

- 12. These chemicals have a detrimental impact on the environment They may cause land and water pollution.
A. harmless B. harmful C. damaging D. injurious
- 13. "Be quick! We must speed up if we don't want to miss the flight."
A. turn down B. look up C. slow down D. put forward

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the correct word or phrase that best fits each of the numbered blanks.

Why is global warming a problem? High levels of greenhouse gases in the atmosphere lead to climate change. The oceans and seas are getting warmer and the polar ice caps are (14) _____. This causes the rise in sea levels, (15) _____ threatens low coastal regions and islands. Furthermore, the weather is becoming more unpredictable, with severe storms and floods, or unexpected droughts. Another effect of global warming is a rise in the number of (16) _____ species. Many animals and plants could become extinct if their natural habitats are changed

What can we do about it? Scientists now agree that there is an urgent need to (17) _____ carbon emissions across the world. Moreover, we need to develop alternative sources of energy, such as wind, wave or solar power.

For individuals, being a vegetarian reduces your on carbon footprint (the amount of emissions caused one person's lifestyle) because it can reduce energy use.

- | | | | |
|--------------------|-------------------|---------------|----------------|
| 14. A. acting | B. melting | C. increasing | D. producing |
| 15. A. that | B. whom | C. who | D. which |
| 16. A. restricted | B. destructive | C. endangered | D. responsible |
| 17. A. cut down on | B. make space for | C. rely on | D. heat up |

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions.

Viet Nam Likely to Face Extreme Weather Conditions by 2050

Viet Nam is likely to continue facing extreme weather conditions such as higher temperatures, lower summer rainfalls, stronger storms, and rising sea levels from now to 2050. Temperatures in northern Viet Nam will rise by between 0.83 degrees Celsius by 2050 and continue its uptrend during the late 21st century. Summer rainfall will decline in most areas. Meanwhile, storms may become rarer but fiercer, causing possible flash floods and landslides in flood-prone areas of northern mountainous, central and central highland provinces. The forecasts suggest sea level rises of 100mm 400mm along the entire Vietnamese coast by the end of the 21st century, affecting marine biodiversity and coastal communities. The experts emphasize the unpredictability of climate change and its potential impacts to create a variety of dangerous extreme weather events in the future.

To raise the public awareness of climate change impacts, the Vietnamese government urges concerned agencies to work together on devising worst-case scenario models and responses by 2030 and calls on international experts to further support Viet Nam in climate change adaptation. Climate change is a real threat to Viet Nam's socio-economic development. If sea levels rose one meter, five percent of the country's land, eleven percent of its population and seven percent of its farmland would be affected.

18. By 2050, Vietnam continues facing all of these extreme weather conditions EXCEPT

- _____.
- | | |
|---------------------------|----------------------------------|
| A. higher temperatures | B. storms reaching record levels |
| C. lower summer rainfalls | D. rising sea levels |

19. Sea level rises along the entire Vietnamese coast by the end of the 21st century will

- _____.
- A. cause certain flash floods and landslides in flood-prone areas
 - B. make temperatures in northern Viet Nam rise until 2050
 - C. make storms become rarer but fiercer in the near future
 - D. have impacts on marine biodiversity and coastal communities

20. To experts, they _____ to predict exactly the model of the climate change and its potential impacts.

- A. are unable B. are likely C. are certain D. are surprised

21. **Viet Nam needs**_____.

- A. to recognize Viet Nam's socio-economic development in the future
 B. to calculate sea level rise, loss of farmland, and rise in population by 2030
 C. to raise people's awareness of climate change and to ask for foreign help
 D. to recognize the percentage of farmland which would be affected by its population

Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.

22. We need a global system for limiting _____ emissions.
 A. power plant B. heat-trapping gases C. greenhouse gas D. global warming
23. _____ has been shown to cause floods and drought.
 A. Chemist B. Power C. Deforestation D. Solution
24. The simplest way to reduce your _____ is to cycle to school.
 A. energy use B. climate change C. carbon footprint D. greenhouse gases
25. _____ is the increase in the temperature on Earth
 A. Greenhouse effect B. Global warming C. Climate change D. Ecological balance
26. A layer of greenhouse gases - primarily water vapor, and carbon dioxide - acts as a _____ blanket for the Earth, absorbing heat and warming the surface.
 A. thermal B. hot C. heat D. heating
27. _____ means changes in the earth's weather, including changes in temperature, wind patterns and rainfall.
 A. global warming B. ecological imbalance
 C. greenhouse effect D. climate change
28. A large amount of carbon dioxide _____ are released into the atmosphere by burning fossil fuels.
 A. emit B. carbon footprint C. emissions D. greenhouse gas
29. An _____ species is a species which has been categorized as very likely to become extinct.
 A. endangered B. endanger C. dangerous D. danger
30. Non-renewable energy has negative _____ on the environment.
 A. impact B. benefit C. quality D. warning
31. This species of African elephants is _____
 A. dying out B. dying of C. dying on D. dying down
32. Limiting the global temperature rise requires _____ global CO₂ emissions.
 A. reduce B. to reduce C. reducing D. reduced
33. Most climate scientists agree the main cause of the current global warming trend is human expansion of the greenhouse _____.
 A. causes B. effect C. gas D. damage

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that best completes the following exchanges.

34. Nam: What are global warming gases? - Lan: "_____"
 A. Global warming gases are mainly man-made.
 B. Global warming gases are everywhere.
 C. The amount of carbon dioxide is increasing.

- D. Carbon dioxide, nitrous oxide, and methane.
35. Lan: What do you do to help the environment? - Nam: “_____”
- A. It is the responsibility of the government.
 B. I try to recycle more and reduce carbon footprint.
 C. Everyone can protect the environment.
 D. Environment helps people live comfortably.

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that is closest in meaning to each of the following questions.

36. **Sarah finished her homework before going out to play.**
 A. Sarah went out to play before finishing her homework.
 B. Sarah finished her homework and then went out to play.
 C. Sarah was playing while finishing her homework.
 D. Sarah didn't finish her homework before going out to play.
37. **Emily baked a delicious cake, then decorated it with icing and sprinkles.**
 A. Before decorating it, Emily baked a delicious cake.
 B. Emily didn't bake a delicious cake before decorating it.
 C. After decorating it, Emily baked a delicious cake.
 D. Emily baked a delicious cake and then decorated it with icing and sprinkles.
38. **Playing with her friends, Sarah lost track of time.**
 A. Sarah lost track of time before playing with her friends.
 B. Sarah didn't play with her friends before losing track of time.
 C. After playing with her friends, Sarah lost track of time.
 D. Sarah was playing with her friends when she lost track of time.
39. **Sam was walking through the park when he enjoyed the fresh air.**
 A. Sam didn't enjoy the fresh air after walking through the park.
 B. Sam was walking through the park before enjoying the fresh air.
 C. Walking through the park, Sam enjoyed the fresh air.
 D. Sam enjoyed the fresh air before walking through the park.
40. **The book was written by a famous author before becoming a bestseller.**
 A. The book didn't become a bestseller before being written by a famous author.
 B. After becoming a bestseller, the book was written by a famous author.
 C. The book, written by a famous author, became a bestseller.
 D. The book became a bestseller without being written by a famous author.

UNIT 5: GLOBAL WARMING PRACTICE TEST 2

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the three in pronunciation in each of the following questions

- | | | | |
|-----------------------|------------------------|---------------------|----------------------|
| 1. A. <u>s</u> olid | B. <u>r</u> esponsible | C. <u>p</u> ositive | D. <u>i</u> ncreased |
| 2. A. <u>m</u> ethane | B. <u>m</u> ethod | C. <u>t</u> hermal | D. <u>w</u> ithin |
| 3. A. <u>o</u> rganic | B. <u>e</u> ffect | C. <u>c</u> arbon | D. <u>e</u> fficient |

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position of the primary stress in each of the following questions.

- | | | | |
|-----------------|-------------|----------------|--------------|
| 4. A. material | B. deforest | C. consequence | D. pollution |
| 5. A. substance | B. solid | C. suffer | D. discuss |
| 6. A. balance | B. carbon | C. methane | D. release |

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word in each of the following questions.

7. Many species are threatened with extinction due to deforestation and loss of habitat.
A. damaged B. spoilt C. treated D. endangered
8. Land erosion is mainly caused by widespread deforestation.
A. afforestation B. reforestation C. logging D. lawn mowing

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

9. The consequences of the typhoon were disastrous due to the lack of precautionary measures.
A. damaging B. beneficial C. severe D. physical
10. Without conservation, all resources necessary for life would be damaged, wasted or destroyed.
A. preservation B. exploitation C. protection D. change

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the underlined part that needs correction in each of the following questions.

11. Inventing by an Indiana housewife in 1889, the first dishwasher was driven by a steam engine.
A. Inventing B. dishwasher C. was driven D. engine
12. Furiously searched for the answers in the textbook, Jessy became confused during the test.
A. Furiously B. searched C. became D. confused
13. Listened to his favorite songs, Max checked all the papers and signed the posters.
A. Listened B. his C. checked D. signed

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to choose the word or phrase that best fits each other numbered blanks.

Why is global warming a problem? High levels of greenhouse gases in the atmosphere lead to climate change. The oceans and seas are getting warmer and the polar ice caps are (14) _____. This causes the rise in sea levels, (15) _____ threatens low coastal regions and islands. Furthermore, the weather is becoming more unpredictable, with severe storms and floods, or unexpected droughts. Another effect of global warming is a rise in the number of (16) _____ species. Many animals and plants could become extinct if their natural habitats are changed

What can we do about it? Scientists now agree that there is an urgent need to (17) _____ carbon emissions across the world. Moreover, we need to develop alternative sources of energy, such as wind, wave or solar power.

For individuals, being a vegetarian reduces your on carbon footprint (the amount of emissions caused one person's lifestyle) because it can reduce energy use.

14. A. acting B. melting C. increasing D. producing
15. A. that B. whom C. who D. which
16. A. restricted B. destructive C. endangered D. responsible
17. A. cut down on B. make space for C. rely on D. heat up

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C or D on you answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions.

The costs and benefits of global warming will vary greatly from area to area. For moderate climate change, the balance can be difficult to assess. But the larger the change in climate, the more negative the consequences will become. Global warming will probably make life harder, not easier, for most people This is mainly because we have already built enormous infrastructure based on the climate we now have.

People in some temperate zones may benefit from milder winters, more abundant rainfall, and expanding crop production zones. But people in other areas will suffer from increased heat waves, coastal erosion, rising sea level more erratic rainfall, and droughts.

The crops, natural vegetation, and domesticated and wild animals (including seafood) that sustain people in a given area may be unable to adapt to local or regional changes in climate. The ranges of diseases and insect pests that are limited by temperature may expand, if other environmental conditions are also favorable.

In its summary report on the impacts of climate change, the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change stated, "Taken as a whole, the range of published evidence indicates that the net damage costs of climate change are likely to be significant and to increase over time."

18. Which of the following is TRUE as the result of global warming?

- | | |
|---|--|
| A. All people suffer from global warming. | B. All people benefit from global warming. |
| C. Life is more difficult for the majority of people. | D. Life is easier for most people. |

19. In paragraph 2, the word "erratic" is closest in meaning to ____.

- | | | | |
|----------------|------------------|---------------|-----------------|
| A. predictable | B. unpredictable | C. changeable | D. unchangeable |
|----------------|------------------|---------------|-----------------|

20. According to the passage, all of the following are the results of global warming EXCEPT ____.

- | | |
|-------------------------|--------------------|
| A. higher temperature | B. coastal erosion |
| C. increasing sea level | D. stable rainfall |

21. What may happen to diseases and insect pests as a result of global warming?

- | | |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| A. They will become extinct. | B. They will increase in number. |
| C. They will not harm our planet. | D. They will be under good control. |

Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.

22. We need a global system for limiting _____ emissions.

- | | | | |
|----------------|------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| A. power plant | B. heat-trapping gases | C. greenhouse gas | D. global warming |
|----------------|------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|

23. _____ has been shown to cause floods and drought.

- | | | | |
|------------|----------|------------------|-------------|
| A. Chemist | B. Power | C. Deforestation | D. Solution |
|------------|----------|------------------|-------------|

24. The city produces 20 million tons of household _____ each year.

- | | | | |
|--------------|----------|------------------|-------------|
| A. pollution | B. waste | C. globalization | D. activity |
|--------------|----------|------------------|-------------|

25. Carbon dioxide is produced in huge amounts when _____ are burned.

- | | | | |
|-------------------|------------------|----------------|-----------------|
| A. greenhouse gas | B. deforestation | C. power plant | D. fossil fuels |
|-------------------|------------------|----------------|-----------------|

26. Our research measures the impact of _____ on this particular eco-system.

- | | | | |
|-------------------|--------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| A. human activity | B. sea level | C. greenhouse gas | D. global warming |
|-------------------|--------------|-------------------|-------------------|

27. Britain agreed to cut _____ of nitrogen oxide from power stations.

- | | | | |
|--------------|-------------------|--------------|-----------------|
| A. emissions | B. deforestations | C. materials | D. destructions |
|--------------|-------------------|--------------|-----------------|

28. Many islands are below _____ and only the concrete walls can prevent them from disappearance.

- | | | | |
|-------------------|-------------------|--------------|------------|
| A. human activity | B. greenhouse gas | C. sea level | D. ice cap |
|-------------------|-------------------|--------------|------------|

29. The destruction of the rainforests is contributing to _____.

- | | | | |
|---------------------|-------------------|-----------------|-------------------|
| A. renewable energy | B. greenhouse gas | C. fossil fuels | D. global warming |
|---------------------|-------------------|-----------------|-------------------|

30. Leaving your DVD player on standby produces the same _____ each year as the average person of Burundi.

- | | | | |
|-------------|-------------------|--------------|---------------------|
| A. man-made | B. global warming | C. sea level | D. carbon emissions |
|-------------|-------------------|--------------|---------------------|

31. Developed countries are responsible for 80% of the _____ carbon dioxide that is already in the atmosphere.

- A. ecological balance B. carbon footprint. C. man-made D. climate change

32. A strong greenhouse effect will warm the oceans and partially melt glaciers, increasing _____.

- A. temperature B. sea water C. sea level D. pollution

33. The problem with fossil fuels is that they are not _____.

- A. certain B. serious C. limited D. renewable

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that best completes the following exchanges.

34. *Peter and Dane are talking about environmental protection.*

- Peter: "We should limit the use of plastic bags." - Dane: "_____. We can use paper bags instead."

- A. I completely agree B. It's not true C. I don't quite agree D. You're wrong

35. *Maria and Alex are talking about the environment.*

- **Maria:** "Our environment is getting more and more polluted. Do you think so?"

- **Alex:** "_____. It's really worrying."

- A. I'll think about that B. I don't agree C. I don't think so D. I can't agree more

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that is closest in meaning to each of the following questions.

36. **The woman took off her shoes, then walked into the house.**

- A. Being taken off her shoes, the woman walked into the house.
B. Taking off her shoes, the woman walked into the house.
C. Having taken off her shoes, the woman walked into the house.
D. Having taken off the woman's shoes, she walked into the house.

37. **The house was built by a famous man. It looked very beautiful.**

- A. Being built by a famous man, it looked very beautiful.
B. Being built by a famous man, the house looked very beautiful.
C. Built by a famous man, it looked very beautiful.
D. Being building by a famous man, the house looked very beautiful.

38. **First she read the book and she decided that she didn't like it.**

- A. Reading the book, she decided that she didn't like it.
B. Having read the book, she decided that she didn't like it.
C. Having readed the book, she decided that she didn't like it.
D. Deciding that she didn't like it, she read the book.

39. **The boy didn't know where the stadium was and got lost.**

- A. Not knowing where the stadium was and got lost.
B. Getting lost because the boy didn't know where the stadium.
C. Not knowing where the stadium was and getting lost.
D. Not knowing where the stadium was, the boy got lost.

40. **I didn't know much about computer programming, so I didn't work for a computer company.**

- A. Not working for a computer company, so I didn't know much about computer programming.
B. Not knowing much about computer programming, I didn't work for a computer company.
C. Working not for a computer company, I didn't know much about computer programming.

D. Knowing not much about computer programming, so I didn't work for a computer company.

HIỆU TRƯỞNG

TP. Hồ Chí Minh, ngày 28 tháng 11 năm 2025

TỔ TRƯỞNG CHUYÊN MÔN

Vũ Thị Hồng Châu

Nguyễn Trí Khôn