

UNIT 6: PRESERVING OUR HERITAGE

PART I. THEORY

PART I. VOCABULARY

 **New words** (Từ mới)

Words	Type	Pronunciation	Meaning
1. cultural	adj	/ˈkʌltʃərəl/	liên quan tới văn hoá
2. field trip	n	/ˈfi:ld tri:p/	chuyến đi thực địa
3. heritage	n	/ˈherɪtɪdʒ/	di sản
4. landscape	n	/ˈlændskeɪp/	phong cảnh
5. complex	n	/ˈkɒmpleks/	quần thể, tổ hợp
6. monument	n	/ˈmɒnjumənt/	đài tưởng niệm, công trình kiến trúc
7. ancient	adj	/ˈeɪnʃənt/	cổ kính
8. state	n	/steɪt/	trạng thái
9. original	adj	/əˈrɪdʒənəl/	nguyên bản
10. folk	adj	/fəʊk/	thuộc về dân gian
11. promote	v	/prəˈməʊt/	xúc tiến
12. restore	v	/rɪˈstɔ:(r)/	khôi phục, sửa lại
13. historical	adj	/hɪˈstɒrɪkl/	thuộc về lịch sử, thuộc về quá khứ
14. historic	adj	/hɪˈstɒrɪk/	quan trọng trong lịch sử
15. preserve	v	/prɪˈzɜ:v/	bảo tồn
16. souvenir	n	/ˌsu:vəˈniə(r)/	quà lưu niệm
17. scenery	n	/ˈsi:nəri/	cảnh vật, phong cảnh
18. appreciate	v	/əˈpri:ʃieɪt/	trân trọng, hiểu rõ giá trị
19. trending	adj	/ˈtrendɪŋ/	theo xu hướng
20. unusual	adj	/ʌnˈju:ʒuəl/	mới lạ
21. celebrate	v	/ˈselɪbreɪt/	ăn mừng, chào mừng
22. propose	v	/prəˈpəʊz/	đề xuất
23. limestone	n	/ˈlaɪmstəʊn/	đá vôi
24. valley	n	/ˈvæli/	thung lũng
25. crowdfunding	n	/ˈkraʊdfʌndɪŋ/	quyên góp, huy động vốn từ cộng đồng
26. fine	n	/faɪn/	khoản tiền phạt
27. citadel	n	/ˈsɪtədəl/	thành trì
28. performing arts	n	/pəˈfɔ:mɪŋ ˈɑ:ts/	nghệ thuật biểu diễn
29. festive	adj	/ˈfestɪv/	thuộc về ngày lễ hội, có không khí lễ hội
30. imperial	adj	/ɪmˈpiəriəl/	thuộc về hoàng tộc

PART II. GRAMMAR

1. To-infinitive clauses

Mệnh đề nguyên thể (to – infinitive) có thể chỉ là một thể hoặc thêm một tân ngữ hoặc trạng từ theo sau

Example: A ride on a London bus is the best way to see the city.

We need to act quickly.

Chú ý: Trạng từ đôi khi đi trước nguyên thể. Nó đôi khi cũng có thể nằm giữa to và động từ.

Example: I didn't expect you suddenly to change your mind.

I didn't expect you to suddenly change your mind.

Cách dùng

1. Diễn tả mục đích	Example: I am trying to learn English well <u>to find a better job</u> .
2. Dùng mô tả (cụm danh từ)	+ Số thứ tự Example: Neil Armstrong was the <u>first</u> person <u>to land on the moon</u> The <u>last</u> person <u>to leave</u> should turn off the light.
	+ So sánh nhất Example: The <u>most popular</u> important thing <u>to remember</u> is his general presence. Immunization, that's <u>the cheapest</u> way <u>to save a child's life</u> .
	+ Next, only Example: The <u>only</u> person <u>to understand</u> the joke. His office was the <u>next</u> room <u>to clean</u> .

PART II. LANGUAGE

A. PHONETIC

Exercise 1: Mark the intonation in the following sentences, using ↘ (falling intonation) or ↗ (level-rising intonation). Then practice saying them in pairs.

1. We should make clubs more interesting for teenagers.
2. It is important to raise people's awareness of its importance.
3. Forms of cultural heritage include folk music, singing, and dancing.
4. We can go on a tour by boat, see areas of natural beauty, and listen to folk music.
5. All buildings are kept in their original state.
6. Young people can contribute more to heritage preservation.
7. We can see its natural beauty with beautiful limestone mountains, valleys, and rivers.
8. She enjoys reading novels set in the 19th century.
9. Cultural heritage may include temples, pagodas, and monuments.
10. The most UNESCO World Heritage Sites in Viet Nam are Hoi An, Phong Nha Cave, Thang Long Citadel, Hue Citadel and Ha Long Bay.

Exercise 2: Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions.

- | | | | |
|----------------------|--------------------|---------------------|--------------------|
| 1. A. <u>any</u> | B. <u>plan</u> | C. <u>can</u> | D. <u>fan</u> |
| 2. A. <u>focal</u> | B. <u>song</u> | C. <u>folk</u> | D. <u>go</u> |
| 3. A. <u>culture</u> | B. <u>rubbish</u> | C. <u>club</u> | D. <u>truly</u> |
| 4. A. <u>history</u> | B. <u>heritage</u> | C. <u>whether</u> | D. <u>heavy</u> |
| 5. A. <u>chorus</u> | B. <u>check</u> | C. <u>challenge</u> | D. <u>cheerful</u> |
| 6. A. <u>site</u> | B. <u>mix</u> | C. <u>trip</u> | D. <u>receive</u> |

- | | | | |
|--------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|--------------------------|
| 7. A. <u>will</u> | B. <u>local</u> | C. <u>postcard</u> | D. <u>across</u> |
| 8. A. <u>borro</u> wing | B. <u>g</u> overnment | C. <u>pro</u> gram | D. <u>prom</u> otion |
| 9. A. <u>pos</u> session | B. <u>ac</u> cess | C. <u>prop</u> erty | D. <u>Amer</u> ican |
| 10. A. <u>lan</u> guage | B. <u>W</u> ales | C. <u>Austr</u> alia | D. <u>pronun</u> ciation |

Exercise 3: Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position of primary stress in each of the following questions.

- | | | | |
|-------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|
| 1. A. <u>i</u> dea | B. <u>w</u> inner | C. <u>p</u> ostcard | D. <u>m</u> usic |
| 2. A. <u>e</u> ntry | B. <u>s</u> tudent | C. <u>c</u> ountry | D. <u>a</u> dvice |
| 3. A. <u>s</u> ociety | B. <u>i</u> nformation | C. <u>t</u> raditional | D. <u>e</u> ncouragement |
| 4. A. <u>m</u> edia | B. <u>h</u> eritage | C. <u>i</u> mportance | D. <u>i</u> nstrument |
| 5. A. <u>s</u> cenery | B. <u>c</u> ondition | C. <u>m</u> onument | D. <u>h</u> istory |
| 6. A. <u>p</u> reserve | B. <u>r</u> eturn | C. <u>r</u> estore | D. <u>d</u> amage |
| 7. A. <u>m</u> onument | B. <u>h</u> istory | C. <u>i</u> mportance | D. <u>o</u> rigin |
| 8. A. <u>o</u> rdinary | B. <u>p</u> edestrian | C. <u>a</u> ppreciate | D. <u>t</u> raditional |
| 9. A. <u>b</u> eautiful | B. <u>t</u> errific | C. <u>w</u> onderful | D. <u>m</u> arvelous |
| 10. A. <u>f</u> inance | B. <u>s</u> ervice | C. <u>o</u> rd | D. <u>c</u> ompany |

B. VOCABULARIES AND GRAMMARS

Exercise 1: Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.

1. We visited an exhibition of _____ art.
A. folk B. scenic C. magnificent D. intact
2. The art students were told to sketch the _____.
A. fine B. limestone C. landscape D. monument
3. He drew his inspiration from traditional Vietnamese _____.
A. folk music B. floating market C. imperial citadel D. heritage site
4. We want to _____ the character of the town while improving the facilities.
A. emerge B. preserve C. bury D. appreciate
5. The Imperial Citadel of Thang Long is also an interesting _____ area everyone should pay a visit.
A. geographical B. archaeological C. geothermal D. geological
6. The _____ relics stolen from the museum haven't been found yet.
A. limestone B. dynasty C. excavation D. worship
7. The town's modern _____ is very well integrated with the old.
A. citadel B. craftsman C. dynasty D. architecture
8. Some old buildings were pulled down to make space for a new shopping _____.
A. fine B. limestone C. temple D. complex
9. Tu Duc's Tomb is set in a poetic _____ of a pine forest and a magnificent lake.
A. lotus B. preservation C. mosaic D. scenery
10. The King wanted to create a romantic _____ around him so that he could enjoy sightseeing and making poem.
A. lake B. landscape C. tomb D. forest
11. Many important _____ documents were destroyed when the library was bombed.
A. poetic B. geological C. historical D. archaeological
12. Our heritage tells the story of who we are as a people and helps to _____ our identity and our sense of belonging.

- A. alter B. adopt C. preserve D. balance
13. They also suggested creating _____ topics or challenges on social media.
A. trending B. latest C. new D. hot
14. These monuments are a vital part of the _____ of South America.
A. cultural heritage B. picturesque C. heritage site D. floating market
15. These groups will provide information about local heritage sites, organise special events to celebrate local _____, and invite young people to discuss issues related to preserving the heritage.
A. investments B. appointments C. festivals D. parties
16. Besides Con Moong Cave, other significant _____ sites have been investigated and excavated.
A. environmental B. technological C. important D. archaeological
17. The Imperial Citadel of Thang Long is a cultural complex comprising royal palaces and _____.
A. monuments B. citadel C. craftsman D. dynasty
18. The badly neglected paintings have all been carefully _____.
A. restored B. damage C. donate D. suggest
19. Modernizing _____ buildings can often do more harm than good.
A. imperial B. historic C. folk D. ancient
20. The National Heritage Board's (NHB) mandate, as the custodian of Singapore's heritage, is to preserve, commemorate and promote their tangible and intangible _____ heritage.
A. cultural B. culture C. culturally D. intercultural
21. The tour of the cave and grotto system is the main _____ for tourists in Phong Nha - Ke Bang National Park.
A. attractive B. attractiveness C. attract D. attraction
22. Hoi An Ancient Town is quite special among the heritage sites because it is in a good state of _____.
A. preserve B. preservation C. preservative D. preservatives
23. The ancient settlement has now been found, several years after the archaeological _____ began.
A. excursion B. evacuation C. excavation D. execution
24. The World Heritage Site is famous for its _____ features and cultural values.
A. geography B. geological C. geothermal D. geographical
25. The _____ items in Con Moong Cave are now kept in Thanh Hoa Museum for preservation and displaying work.
A. excavation B. excavated C. excavator D. excavating
26. Hoi an Ancient Town is preserved in a _____ intact state.
A. remarkable B. remark C. remarked D. remarkably
27. The clubs will organise training for students who want to learn folk songs, a _____ musical instrument, or folk dancing.
A. traditional B. tradition C. traditionally D. traditions
28. People's lack of knowledge about cultural heritage is a big _____ that we must find a solution to.
A. issue B. task C. interest D. result
29. Preserving the national heritage can present a _____ to many nations, especially if they have many sites.
A. product B. fine C. present D. challenge
30. A non-profit organization uses its website to reach people around the world and collects _____ from ones who want to help.
A. donations B. donate C. to donate D. donating

31. The island's _____ is similar to Hawaii's.
A. landscape B. appearance C. area D. landslide
32. How many _____ buildings are damaged by fire each year?
A. history B. historical C. historic D. past
33. They want to _____ the castle to its former glory.
A. return B. restore C. preserve D. gain
34. No fluorescent lights, no motorcycles, no television, on the 15th day of each lunar month, the riverside town of Hoi An _____ modern life the night off.
A. gives B. lets C. brings D. turns
35. As an ancient _____ tale it became the source of a number of legends.
A. funny B. folk C. simple D. terrible
36. They will feel that their voices are heard, and they can contribute _____ society.
A. at B. to C. from D. from
37. The area near the Royal palace gates was crowded _____ tourists
A. from B. with C. to D. at
38. The archaeological excavations that led _____ the discovery of the ancient city lasted hundred years.
A. to B. on C. with D. from
39. The report offers suggestions _____ improvement to policy.
A. about B. to C. for D. with
40. The building is _____ a bad state of repair.
A. in B. on C. at D. of
41. Participants are encouraged to give voice _____ their personal hopes, fears and dreams.
A. for B. of C. about D. to
42. It was a real team effort - everyone contributed something _____ the success of the project.
A. about B. to C. for D. with
43. Children can have fun and learn _____ music at the same time.
A. for B. of C. about D. to
44. I didn't have enough time _____ the newspaper today
A. reading B. is reading C. to read D. read
45. He came home by taxi. He didn't have enough energy _____ home.
A. walked B. to walking C. walking D. to walk
46. 'Would you like something _____?' - 'Yes, please. A cup of coffee.'
A. drinking B. have drunk C. to drink D. drunk
47. Emma Thompson is the most famous actor _____ on the stage here.
A. appeared B. to appear C. appear D. appearing
48. My friends offered _____ a holiday in Ha Long Bay for a change.
A. to take B. taking C. on taking D. of taking
49. The guest on our show is the youngest golfer _____ the Open.
A. winning B. to win C. won D. being won
50. We need a bag _____ these things in.
A. put B. putting C. to put D. have put
51. There will be a meeting next week _____ the problem.
A. will discuss B. discussed C. discussing D. to discuss

52. I wish I had enough money _____ a new bike.
A. had bought B. bought C. to buy D. buying
53. The captain was the last _____ the sinking ship.
A. whom to leave B. left C. that leaving D. to leave
54. Melanie was the only person _____ a letter of thanks.
A. written B. to write C. writing D. wrote
55. He went to Britain _____ English.
A. learn B. learning C. to learn D. learned
56. It took me twenty minutes _____ along the walking street in District 1.
A. walking B. to walk C. walk D. walked
57. They've just passed their exams. They're having a party _____.
A. have celebrated B. celebrating C. celebrated D. to celebrate
58. I can't do all this work alone. I need someone _____ me.
A. to help B. helped C. helping D. is helping
59. We expect him _____ tomorrow.
A. arrive B. arriving C. to arrive D. will arrive
60. It was 11 pm, so we needed _____ a taxi home.
A. to take B. taken C. taking D. take
61. Lily always encourages her son _____ harder to get a better place at the University.
A. to study B. studied C. study D. studying
62. Would you like _____ to my birthday party tonight?
A. coming B. come C. came D. to come
63. I saw Hoa at the party but we didn't have a chance _____ to each other.
A. to talk B. talked C. be talking D. talking
64. I need some new clothes. I haven't got anything nice _____.
A. wearing B. wore C. to wear D. weared
65. It was difficult _____ a date which was convenient for everyone.
A. making B. to make C. make D. made
66. New Zealand was the first country _____ women the vote.
A. who gave B. that give C. to give D. giving
67. Who was the last one _____ the classroom yesterday?
A. to leave B. had left C. left D. leaving
68. It is the hardest problem _____.
A. to do B. to solve C. to make D. to deal
69. These ingredients are the best _____ the meal.
A. to cook B. cooking C. has cooked D. to be cooked
70. This honor film is the worst _____ at midnight.
A. to view B. to look at C. to stare D. to watch

Exercise 2: Complete the following sentences with the correct form of the words in brackets.

1. Cat Ba Archipelago bears the exceptionally natural values with its _____ forests which cover the limestone system and the mangrove wetlands. (tropic)
2. Besides the _____ value of geology, Phong Nha Ke Bang is also favoured with the mysterious and majestic landscapes by nature. (history)
3. Two 10th grade students suggested forming _____ societies or local (history)

groups who have taken interest in their history and heritage.

4. Management and _____ in Hoi An are further strengthened through master planning and action plans. (preserve)
5. In 1805, King Gia Long requested the building of a new, smaller citadel called Ha Noi Citadel with a new _____ style. (architecture)
6. Trang An is a _____ landscape complex that includes limestone karst mountains, caves, rivers, and rice paddies. (scenery)
7. The Complex of Hue Monuments is a _____ of many royal monuments from the Nguyen Dynasty. (combine)
8. As for me, the Citadel of the Ho Dynasty is one of the most _____ destinations in Viet Nam because of its value. (attract)
9. Homestay has become _____ when historic travel is on the rise. (trend)
10. _____ of Cultural Heritage is an international degree programme at University of Bologna in Italy. (restore)

Exercise 3: Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the word(s) CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

1. The Taj Mahal Complex, which includes the tomb, mosque, guest house, and main entryway, was named a World Legacy Location in 1983 and has kept the original characteristics of the structures.
A. primitive B. perfect C. distinctive D. initial
2. All buildings are kept in their original state. It's a great place to explore.
A. change B. defeat C. discover D. broaden
3. Many people can take advantage of the comfort and elegance of five-star hotels and extravagance voyage ships.
A. victory B. satisfaction C. merit D. grace
4. The mausoleum's building symbolizes the ultimate achievement of Muslim art's architectural and artistic brilliance.
A. confesses B. restores C. proves D. represents
5. Visitors can enjoy mountain climbing in addition to exploring the caverns and grottoes and observing the local flora and fauna.
A. flowers and grass B. flowers and plants
C. plants and animals D. plants and vegetation
6. The majority of Thang Long's Imperial Citadel was demolished in the early 20th century.
A. came up B. pulled down C. looked for D. got on
7. There are always new surprises waiting for guests as they wander around this spectacular location.
A. uncommon B. magnificent C. weird D. beautiful
8. For example, you can go on a boat trip there to enjoy the beautiful landscape.
A. painting B. picture C. opinion D. scenery
9. More than 70 architectural pieces, mostly towers, temples, and tombs, make up the My Son Sanctuary, which is a sizable collection of religious artifacts.
A. royal B. internal C. holy D. invaluable
10. The Taj Mahal is a gigantic white marble mausoleum in Agra, India. It is regarded as an outstanding work of art.
A. notable B. momentous C. unforgettable D. attractive

Exercise 4: Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the word(s) OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

1. The people's committee of Lam Dong province took prompt action and effectively resolved the issue of erosion from the hills to the center of Da Lat city.
A. uneffectively B. indifferently C. **ineffectively** D. unefficiently
2. The residents of HCM city seemed fully satisfied with the result of expanding The Walking Street in District 1.
A. pleased B. contented C. disappointed D. joyful
3. In the majority of nations, mass tourism creates a growing threat to the preservation of historic sites.
A. risk B. danger C. protection D. insecurity
4. In Ha Long Bay, visitors may see and do a lot for an affordable cost.
A. costive B. exorbitant C. reasonable D. stingy
5. The Thang Long Royal Citadel was initially constructed during the Ly Line and afterwards expanded by subsequent dynasties.
A. successive B. preceding C. nearby D. surrounding
6. We should increase efforts to preserve Ca Tru because nowadays there are very few Ca Tru musicians left.
A. protect B. defend C. destroy D. guard
7. The larger fish appeared to be scarce during 1992- 1993, most probably due to overexploitation of resources in the fishing areas.
A. abundant B. selfish C. tight D. enormous
8. Due to its unique construction methods, the Ho Dynasty's Citadel's main stone parts are still intact.
A. common B. special C. ancient D. admirable
9. In the heritage zones, we occasionally need to take the initiative in order to complete tasks swiftly.
A. make the last decision B. make important changes
C. raise the first idea D. sacrifice for others
10. In contrast to many others, I was very depressed by Hoi An Ancient Town's beauty.
A. fed up with B. sick of C. satisfied with D. tired of

Exercise 5: Rewrite the answers in the short exchanges using to-infinitive phrases.

Example: Why did you come here?

Because I wanted to see my friends.

→ I came here to see my friends.

1. Q: Why do you go to the beach every weekend?

A: Because I like swimming

→ She _____

2. Q: Why did you move to Ha Noi?

A: I wanted to find work.

→ He _____

3. Q: Why are you leaving home?

A: I'm going to university in Tokyo.

→ She _____

4. Q: Why are you having a party?

A: It's my seventeenth birthday, and I want to celebrate it.

→ He _____

5. Q: Why do you get up at five every morning?

A: I do my training then.

→ He _____

6. Q: Why are you saving money?

A: I want to buy a new smartphone.

→ She _____

7. Q: Why did you buy a new suit?

A: I want to wear it at the office party.

→ He _____

8. Q: Why did you turn on TV very late last night?

A: We wanted to watch the World Cup final match.

→ They _____

PART III. SKILLS

A. LISTENING

Exercise 1: Listen to the conversation. Decide if the following sentences are true (T) or false (F).

Statements	True	False
1. Dan wants to see the city nightlife.		
2. Nam suggests visiting the Central Sector of the Imperial Citadel of Thang Long.		
3. The Central Sector of the Imperial Citadel of Thang Long remains intact.		
4. Visitors can see the Flag Tower of Ha Noi and the stone dragons at Kinh Thien Palace.		
5. Dan and Nam will visit the Thang Long Imperial Citadel at the weekend.		

Exercise 2: Listen to the recording and fill in the blank with the words you hear.

The ancient town of Hoi An lies on the Thu Bon River, 30 km south of Da Nang. It was formerly a major trading port in Southeast Asia between the 16th and the 17th centuries. Hoi An was also an (1) _____ centre for Dutch, Portuguese, Italian, Chinese, Japanese and other merchant ships from the Far East.

Hoi An is famous for its old temples, pagoda s, (2) _____ homes and narrow streets. All the houses were made of wood and their pillars were carved with (3) _____ designs.

One of the main attractions of Hoi An is the Japanese Bridge, which was built in the 16th century and is still well-preserved. All visitors to Hoi An are recommended a visit to the Assembly Hall of Cantonese Chinese Congregation. This house was built in 1855 and still keeps many precious objects that belonged to the Chinese community of Hoi An. Another (4) _____ address to tourists is Tan Ky House, which was constructed nearly two centuries ago as a house for a Vietnamese merchant. The house now looks almost exactly as it did in the early 19th century.

In recent years, Hoi An has become a popular tourist (5) _____ in Viet Nam. In 1999, it was certified by UNESCO as a World Cultural Heritage Site.

B. SPEAKING

Exercise 1: Choose the correct response. Then practise the short exchanges in pairs.

- | | |
|--|--|
| 1. A: Why don't we visit Trang An Scenic | B: a/ Good. We can enjoy many monument Landscape Complex?
b/ Great. It's 'Ha Long Bay on Land'. |
| 2. A: Why is the Citadel of the Ho Dynasty unique? | B: a/ Because the Citadel became empty a long time ago.
b/ Because it's the only stone citadel in Southeast Asia. |
| 3. A: Shall we give a presentation about Taj Mahal? | B: a/ Right. It's a World Heritage
b/ Not really. It's a long distance from us. |
| 4. A: Why do so many people want to explore Son Doong Cave? | B: a/ It belongs to a national park.
b/ It's the largest grotto in the world. |
| 5. A: Why is the Japanese Bridge in Hoi An very well-known? | B: a/ You can admire the original architecture.
b/ It requires repairing and restoration. |
| 6. A: How about visiting the Thang Long Imperial Citadel when we stay there? | B: a/ Good. There are many souvenirs to buy.
b/ Yes. I'd like to see the stone dragons. |
| 7. A: What's the icon of Ha Long Bay? | B: a/ It's Fighting Cock Island.
b/ It's famous for thousands of rocks. |
| 8. A: Let's go to Hue Imperial Citadel. | B: a/ Great. We can see the royal tombs there
b/ We can learn its history and traditions. |
| 9. A: Have you ever visited Hoi An Ancient Town? | B: a/ Yes, we came to some ancient homes.
b/ Shall we go to My Son Sanctuary then? |
| 10. A: Which is a natural wonder of the world between the USA and Canada? | B: a/ It's Niagara Falls.
b/ You can enjoy many beautiful landscapes. |

Exercise 2: Complete the conversation about a trip to My Son Sanctuary, using the sentences (A-F) given. There is one extra sentence that you do not need.

- A. He helps us learn about the history, architectural styles and cultural significance of the temples.
- B. On arriving at the My Son area, we will take a short 500m walk through lush hillsides, trees and brush, before entering the main site.
- C. It still represents one of the most outstanding Hindu temple complexes in Southeast Asia.
- D. And with his help, we know which Hindu gods memorialized at My Son.
- E. Well, let's go to My Son Sanctuary, located 50 kilometres southwest of Hoi An.
- F. Some 20 remains out of more than 70 temples that once spread out over the beautiful valley; several are well-preserved while others are in ruins, some damaged during the war.

- Nick:** We've just had an awesome trip around Hai An. What would you recommend doing next, Phong?
- Phong:** (1) _____
- Nick:** Oh, it's also the other UNESCO Heritage Site in Quang Nam Province. Can you tell me the cultural values of the site?
- Phong:** From the 4th to the 13th centuries, the Champa Kingdom flourished on the coast of Viet Nam with My Son as its religious and intellectual center. (2) _____
- Nick:** I see. What can we see there?
- Phong:** (3) _____
- Nick:** Wouldn't it be better to have a tour guide go with us?

Phong: Good idea! (4) _____

Nick: Why don't we ask him also to explain the influence of India and Hinduism on the Champa people?

Phong: Sure. (5) _____

Exercise 3: Choose the correct responses

1. Paul and Daisy are talking together.

Paul: "I believe tickets for visiting HaLong Bay on the normal days will become more affordable."

Daisy: "_____."

- | | |
|--------------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| A. It doesn't matter at all. | B. There is no doubt about that. |
| C. It is very kind of you to say so. | D. I am sorry to hear that. |

2. John was in Hanoi and wanted to send a parcel to his parents. He asked a local passer-by the way to the post-office.

John: "Can you show me the way to the Square from Hoang Kiem Lake, please?"

Passer-by: "_____"

- | | |
|--------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| A. Not way, sorry. | B. Just round the corner over there. |
| C. Look it up in a dictionary! | D. There is no traffic near here. |

3. Tom and Mary are talking together.

Tom: "_____ " Mary: "That's a good idea."

- | |
|--|
| A. Why not take a trip to the Citadel in Hue this summer holiday? |
| B. What happened to the Citadel in Hue after the storm? |
| C. Have you heard about the Citadel in Hue? |
| D. How can we book a tour to the Citadel in Hue this summer holiday? |

4. Tom and Mary are talking together.

Tom: "Each of us should join hand to protect the World Heritage Sites." Mary: "_____ "

- | | | | |
|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------|--------------------|
| A. I can't do it. | B. I totally agree. | C. That's not true. | D. That's too bad. |
|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------|--------------------|

5. Tom and Mary are taking a vacation together.

Tom: "_____ " Mary: "That's a good idea! Then we'll still have a couple of hours left."

- | |
|--|
| A. I'd like to suggest we see the Imperial first. Then we'll have more time for the second attraction. |
| B. Why don't we see the Imperial first? Then we'll have more time for the second attraction. |
| C. What do you think about we see the Imperial first? Then we'll have more time for the second attraction. |
| D. How about see the Imperial first? Then we'll have more time for the second attraction. |

6. Sarah and Liam are talking together.

Sarah: "Would you like to join our trip to Phong Nha Cave this summer?" Liam: "_____ "

- | | |
|--------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| A. Do you think I would? | B. I would not thank you. |
| C. Yes, you are a good friend. | D. Yes, I would love to, thanks. |

7. Tom and John are talking together.

Tom " How did you get to Hoi An Ancient Town in Quang Nam? John:" _____ "

- | | |
|----------------------------|--------------------------|
| A. I came here last night. | B. I came here by train. |
| C. The train is so crowded | D. Is it far from here? |

8. Tom and Mary are taking a vacation together.

Tom: "Are you going to Wales for a vacation again this year?" Mary: "_____ "

- | |
|--|
| A. I'm going somewhere abroad where I can be sure of some sun. |
| B. Not likely! I'm going somewhere abroad where I can be sure of some sun. |

C. Sure! I'm going somewhere abroad where I can be sure of some sun.

9. Helen and Kim are talking together.

Helen: "Would you rather go to the Bai Chay beach or to Phu Quoc Island?" Kim: " _____ "

A. That's very nice of you.

B. The beach definitely.

C. I'd love to go.

D. Thanks for the mountains.

10. Tom and Mary are taking a vacation together.

Tom: " _____ " Mary: "I'd like to see a cultural one."

A. Would you like to visit a natural or a cultural world heritage site?

B. Which site is worth visiting in Hue? The Citadel or the Royal Tombs?

C. Would you like to go to Tomb of Minh Mang or the Citadel of the Ho Dynasty?

D. Do you prefer seeing the Citadel of the Ho Dynasty or Tomb of Minh Mang

D. Actually, I'm going somewhere abroad where I can be sure of some sun.

C. READING

Exercise 1: Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to choose the word or phrase that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 1 to 5.

① Preserving heritage is a collective responsibility that requires conscious efforts and strategic approaches. Firstly, documentation plays a crucial role (1) _____ safeguarding heritage. It involves thorough research, and documentation of historical records, artifacts, and oral traditions (2) _____ with a particular heritage. This process helps create an extensive archive that serves as a reference for future generations and aids in understanding and appreciating the significance of heritage.

Secondly, active conservation measures must be implemented to protect physical heritage. This includes regular (3) _____, restoration, and preventive measures to prevent deterioration and damage.

Collaboration between heritage experts, conservation professionals, and local communities is essential to ensure the proper implementation of conservation techniques while respecting the integrity and authenticity of the heritage. (4) _____, promoting public awareness and engagement through educational programs, guided tours, and cultural events can (5) _____ a sense of pride and ownership among the community, encouraging their active participation in heritage preservation.

(Adapted from National Geographic)

- | | | | |
|----------------|-----------------|---------------|----------------|
| 1. A. of | B. for | C. at | D. in |
| 2. A. equipped | B. collaborated | C. connected | D. associated |
| 3. A. maintain | B. maintaining | C. maintained | D. maintenance |
| 4. A. However | B. Moreover | C. Therefore | D. Otherwise |
| 5. A. foster | B. enhance | C. enlarge | D. widen |

② One remarkable Vietnamese heritage is the ancient town of Hoi An, (1) _____ in Quang Nam Province. Hoi An stands as a living testament to the region's rich cultural history and (2) _____ marvels. This UNESCO World Heritage site exhibits a harmonious fusion of indigenous, Chinese, Japanese, and European influences, reflecting its vibrant trading past. The town's well-preserved streets, (3) _____ with colorful buildings, traditional wooden houses, and iconic Japanese-covered bridges, offer a glimpse into the thriving trading port (4) _____ once attracted merchants from across the globe. Hoi An's enduring charm lies not only in its physical beauty but (5) _____ in its bustling markets, traditional craft workshops, and diverse culinary delights, making it an enchanting destination that encapsulates the cultural essence of Vietnam.

(Adapted from The Forbes)

- | | | | |
|---------------------|-----------------|--------------|-----------------|
| 1. A. locating | B. located | C. locate | D. to locate |
| 2. A. architectural | B. architecture | C. architect | D. architecting |
| 3. A. equipped | B. dealt | C. adorned | D. come |
| 4. A. where | B. which | C. who | D. when |
| 5. A. for | B. instead | C. as | D. also |

Exercise 2: Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C [or D] on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 1 to 5.

① Preserving our heritage is a crucial task that involves safeguarding our cultural history and identity. It means protecting both the physical objects and the intangible aspects of our past that have been passed down to us. Things like historical sites, artifacts, traditions, and languages are all part of our heritage and deserve to be taken care of.

Nations should be in an attempt to preserve their heritage because heritage allows future generations to learn from and appreciate the accomplishments and struggles of those who came before us. **It** helps us understand where we come from and how our societies have developed over time. When we preserve our heritage, we also feel a strong sense of belonging, as it connects us to our shared history and cultural practices. In addition, preserving heritage promotes cultural diversity and encourages communication between different cultures. It helps us appreciate the **uniqueness** of each culture and promotes respect and understanding among people. By celebrating and protecting our diverse heritage, we create opportunities for cultural exchange, which brings people together and helps build a more harmonious and inclusive society.

Preserving heritage is not just a responsibility; it is an investment in our collective memory, identity, and the future well-being of generations to come. So let's cherish and protect our heritage, ensuring that it continues to enrich and inspire us for years to come.

(Adapted from Heritage Daily)

- Which of the following can be the best title for the passage?
 - The Importance of Preserving Cultural Heritage
 - Safeguarding Our Heritage for Future Generations
 - Promoting Cultural Diversity through Heritage Preservation
 - The Significance of Heritage in Building Inclusive Societies
- According to paragraph 1, preserving heritage means _____.
 - protecting the environment around us so that it will be sustainable
 - carefully protecting historical sites and tourist attractions
 - protecting both tangible and intangible aspects of our inherited past
 - protecting the traditional values passed down from previous generations
- The word "**it**" in paragraph 2 refers to _____.
 - future generation
 - heritage
 - nation
 - accomplishments and struggles
- The word "**uniqueness**" in paragraph 2 is closest in meaning to _____.
 - differentiation
 - similarity
 - resemblance
 - distinctiveness
- Which of the following is not true according to the passage?
 - Preserving heritage helps us understand our roots and societal development.
 - Heritage preservation fosters a strong sense of belonging.
 - Protecting physical objects is more important than intangible aspects of heritage.
 - Preserving heritage promotes cultural diversity and intercultural understanding.

② In 1959, the government of Egypt was working on a plan to build a dam on the River Nile. It was called the Aswan Dam, and it was intended to generate electricity and allow the river water to be used for agriculture. There was one big problem with the plan, though. The dam would flood a nearby valley that contained ancient Egyptian treasures, including two enormous stone temples.

It can be difficult for governments to choose culture and history over economics. However, if countries always made decisions like this, the majority of the world's ancient sites would end up being destroyed. Luckily, UNESCO stepped in. They formed a committee that tried to convince Egypt to protect its ancient treasures. With support from many countries, they were finally successful. The huge temples were carefully removed from their original site and moved to a safe location so that the dam could be built.

UNESCO is an agency of the United Nations. The United Nations is a partnership between countries from all over the world. They are joined to help promote world peace, enforce human rights, and help countries develop. UNESCO is a part of the United Nations that is concerned with science and culture.

After their success in saving the temples in Egypt, UNESCO went on to save more sites around the world. They protected lagoons in Venice, ruins in Pakistan, and temples in Indonesia. With industrialization changing the world rapidly, there were many sites that needed to be saved. **Eventually**, UNESCO formed the World Heritage Organization to protect important natural and historic sites wherever it was necessary.

By now, the World Heritage Organization has protected hundreds of sites ranging from beautiful natural islands to buildings in large cities to ancient ruins. If you're able to visit any of the many protected sites, you'll agree it was worth it.

1. Why did UNESCO get involved in Egypt?

- A. Egypt was planning to build a dam that would harm ancient temples.
- B. Egypt was planning to build a valley for agriculture and electricity.
- C. Egypt was planning to create a dam right on top of an ancient temple.
- D. When the dam flooded a valley, several treasures were discovered.

2. Which of the following is true according to paragraph 2?

- A. Most governments prefer to sell their treasures.
- B. Money sometimes seems more important than all other things.
- C. Governments are never able to consider two things at once.
- D. Governments usually don't know anything about their culture.

3. The United Nations would probably not be involved in _____.

- A. helping a poor country improve its agriculture
- B. trying to solve a violent conflict between two nations
- C. developing a new spacecraft for travel to the moon
- D. protesting against the killing of the tribes people of a country

4. The word "**Eventually**" in the passage is closest in meaning to _____.

- A. firstly
- B. reasonably
- C. finally
- D. seriously

5. Why is the World Heritage Organization more important now than it would have been years ago?

- A. Countries didn't cooperate in the past.
- B. Cities were smaller back then.
- C. There were not as many interesting sites 200 years ago.
- D. Modern business and production are changing the world.

Exercise 3: Read the passage about the Complex of Yen Tu Monuments and Landscape, and the answer the questions.

The Complex of Yen Tu Monuments and Landscape

The Complex of Yen Tu Monuments and Landscape is located on the Dong Trieu Range, at the intersection of two provinces: Quang Ninh and Bac Giang. Relics on a excavated under the ground in the Complex of Yen Tu Monuments and Landscape have proved a long history of cultural exchanges in the country. The heritage site, with dozens of pagod towers and small temples, and thousands of antiquities - especially old books, preserves spiritual values of True Lam Zen Buddhism and the cultural traces of the Dai Viet civilization. The values of True Lam Zen Buddhism and Dai Viet culture have been kept throughout history of Viet Nam, promoted to other countries in the world by generations of Zen mast and will be retained in the future.

Truc Lam is a pure Vietnamese Zen Buddhism which focuses on inner feelings but at the same time enters into life with a forgiveness approach. True Lam aims to connect religion to life in a positive way and builds a lose link to true patriotism. King Tran Nhan Tong, the founder of Truc Lam, was the one who collected a lot of older books to guide Buddhists and followers of True Lam Zen Buddhism on how to practice their religion and become good people

`Yen Tu is thought of as a natural ecological museum due to its rich bio-diversity. The natural landscape of this place met the requirements of a Buddhism center, which was why it was chosen by Vietnamese Buddhism followers as a place to come and build small temples covered with grass, to practice their religion

1. What has proved that Yen Tu has a long history of cultural exchanges in the country?

→ _____

2. What attractions can visitors see at Yen Tu?

→ _____

3. What does the heritage site preserve?

→ _____

4. What does True Lam Zen Buddhism aim to do?

→ _____

5. What did King Tran Nhan Tong do for followers of True Lam Zen Buddhism?

→ _____

6. Why was Yen Tu chosen a Buddhism center?

→ _____

Exercise 1: Write sentences about ways to preserve heritage sites, using the words given.

Problems and Solutions

0. *Development activities and construction harm the heritage site.*

1. company / ordered / unload the illegal construction / return / landscape / its original form

→ _____

2. authorities / raise / people's awareness / protecting / heritage.

→ _____

3. local people / oppose / any illegal construction / sites.

→ _____

4. fine / not strong enough / discourage / illegal construction projects / seriously harm heritage sites

→ _____

5. any cases involving violations / be dealt / stronger punishment / preserve heritage sites / their original conditions

→ _____

SHORT TEST UNIT 6

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions.

- | | | | |
|-------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| 1. A. cit <u>a</u> del | B. <u>a</u> ncient | C. app <u>a</u> preciate | D. st <u>a</u> te |
| 2. A. hist <u>o</u> ric | B. <u>o</u> mpl <u>e</u> x | C. m <u>o</u> num <u>e</u> nt | D. f <u>o</u> lk |
| 3. A. r <u>e</u> store | B. p <u>r</u> es <u>e</u> rve | C. h <u>i</u> st <u>o</u> ric | D. land <u>s</u> c <u>a</u> pe |

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position of primary stress in each of the following questions.

- | | | | |
|------------------|-------------|-------------|-----------------|
| 4. A. monument | B. national | C. historic | D. crowdfunding |
| 5. A. recognized | B. tourism | C. cultural | D. tradition |

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.

6. Historical and government records can help you trace your _____.
A. quality B. tradition C. heritage D. feature
7. The remains of the Roman fort are well _____.
A. preserved B. kept C. treated D. healed
8. She specialises in _____ novels set in 18th-century England.
A. history B. historical C. ancient D. past
9. At the age of 5, Michael began performing in clubs as part of a folk _____ trio with his parents.
A. melody B. sound C. song D. music
10. Teachers have organised a _____ trip to a recycling factory.
A. foreign B. business C. field D. pleasure
11. Tony pretended _____ me when I waved to him.
A. not seeing B. not to see C. not see D. to not see

12. Marie Curie was the first woman _____ two Nobel prizes.
 A. who awarded B. to be awarded C. awarding D. that was awarding
13. The captain is the last person _____ the sinking ship.
 A. to leave B. to remain C. to wait D. to stop
14. Part-time workers at the company are the first _____.
 A. that is laid off B. who lay off C. being laid off D. to be laid off
15. Is English the most popular language _____ in the world?
 A. be spoken B. to have spoken C. to be spoken D. speaking

Fill in each blank in the passage with the correct word below. There are three extra word

site	civilization	relics	culture
layers	representatives	archaeologists	evolution

Con Moong Cave is located in the South of Mo Village, Thanh Yen Commune, Thach Thanh District, Thanh Hoa Province lying in the area of Cuc Phuong National Park. Con Moong is an airy and nice cave. The (16) _____ have excavated the southwestern entrance which exist site the evidence of ancient (17) _____.

Con Moong archaeological (18) _____ is really a key for the understanding of Viet Nam and Southeast Asian prehistory; It has confirmed the continuation of artful technique to make cobble tools with representatives from Son Vi Culture to Hoa Binh Culture, and then Bae Son Culture. Co Moong Cave may show the (19) _____ of human beings from the end of Old Stone Age, transiting through the Middle Stone Age, to the beginning of New Stone Age; from hunting and gathering to planting and breeding, getting rid of primitive age to evolve (20) _____ age.

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the word(s) CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

21. *Ca Tru* should be preserved because nowadays there are very few *ca tru* musicians left.
 A. provided B. pretended C. kept D. held
22. The video went viral and quickly became a trending topic on YouTube.
 A. favorable B. fashionable C. upgrading D. going up

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the word(s) OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

23. The government should pass a law in which they prevent local people from destroying historic places.
 A. follow B. encourage C. care D. protect
24. Our team is well-equipped to deal with challenging situations.
 A. control B. support C. manage D. ignore

Circle A, B, C, or D to indicate the correct response to each of the following exchanges.

25. Jane is talking to Sue.
 Sue: Can you tell me the way to the theater? Jane: _____
 A. No. I can't. I can't say anything.
 B. Walk along this street and it's just around the corner.
 C. Don't walk. It's quite far.
 D. Turn left or turn right?
26. Sue is asking Jane.
 Sue: How can I get to the post office from here? Jane: _____
 A. You can get to the post office easily. B. You can get to the post office by car.

C. Go straight ahead. Take the first turn on the left. D. Go away and don't come back until I call you.

27. Jane and Sue are talking to each other.

Jane: Which is the easiest way to go to the National University? Sue: _____

A. Walking along the street and turning left at the traffic light.

B. Walking is good for your health.

C. I don't think walking is a good solution.

D. I love walking there.

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to choose the word or phrase that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 28 to 32.

Hoan Kiem Lake is an attractive body of water right in the heart of Ha Noi. Legend has it that in the mid-15th (28) _____, Heaven gave Emperor Le Thai To (Le Loi) a magical sword which he used to fight against the Chinese, the Ming aggressors, out of Viet Nam. After one day when he was out sailing in the lake, a giant golden tortoise suddenly grabbed sword and (29) _____ into the depths of the lake. Since then, the lake has been known as Hoan Kiem Lake (Lake of the Restored Sword) (30) _____ it is believed.

The tiny Tortoise Pagoda, topped with a red star, is (31) _____ a small island in the middle of the lake; it is often used as an emblem of Ha Noi. Every morning around 6 am local residents can be seen around Hoan Kiem Lake (32) _____ their morning exercise, jogging or playing badminton.

28. A. festival B. century C. time D. occasion

29. A. disappeared B. endangered C. lost D. escaped

30. A. although B. however C. so D. because

31. A. at B. on C. in D. above

32. A. to do B. doing C. to make D. making

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 33 to 37.

Ha Long Bay

Ha Long Bay is a group of offshore islands that is the best example of marine invaded limestone region in the world. The Bay holds over 1,600 islands and islets. There are caves and grottoes, with stalactites and stalagmites. Its limestone pillars are a unique natural feature of great scenic beauty and biological interest. The great extent and the richness of its forms sets it apart from many other sites.

Ha Long Bay is an extremely popular destination both for foreigners and Vietnamese: already in the early 1990s it saw over 1 million visitors a year. It is unlikely that the number has decreased over the years - so there will always be about 3,000 other people in the Bay at the same time as you!

The natural beauty of the Bay lay hidden today under a very common fog. As I had already seen the similar **karst** landscape in China a couple of years before, I certainly said that I was blown away by the beauty of Ha Long Bay. We went onto one of the islands to visit the Surprising Cave - an indeed surprisingly big and beautiful cave with three hollow chambers. We saw some monkeys here too, just outside the cave exit.

Part of the tour was half an hour of kayaking- enough to paddle a full circle around the main area. The views from the kayak I found much more impressive than from the larger boat: you're so tiny then and the peaks rise sharply in front of you. I had a better look at the water too, and cannot say that I saw pollution by plastic or other junk floating around. There is a thin layer of oil on the water in some parts though. And then it's time to get back in the bus to Ha Noi, another 3.5 hours. The tour was carried out well with good seafood for lunch and I had a satisfying day.

33. The attraction that Ha Long Bay offer to tourists is _____.
- A. a large number of islands and islets
 - B. the largest limestone region in the world
 - C. its caves and grottoes, with stalactites and stalagmites
 - D. its unique value of landscape and biology
34. The writer was _____.
- A. able to escape from an explosion in Ha Long Bay
 - B. very impressed by the beauty of Ha Long Bay
 - C. unable to see Ha Long Bay due to the fog
 - D. really frightened of visiting the Surprising Cave
35. All of the following statements are true about Ha Long Bay **EXCEPT** that _____.
- A. the writer thought its beauty surpassed many other sites.
 - B. the writer didn't think the number of tourists had decreased over the years
 - C. the writer saw some monkeys in the chambers of the Surprising Cave.
 - D. it took three and a half hours to travel from Ha Noi to Ha Long by bus.
36. During half an hour of kayaking, the writer found that _____.
- A. he was more impressed by the view from the kayak than by that from the boat
 - B. the problem of pollution there was serious with plastic or other junk floating around
 - C. he could see the peaks rise sharply in front of him
 - D. he could see a thin layer of oil on the water in a full circle around the main area
37. The word "**karst**" in paragraph 3 is closest in meaning to _____.
- A. the common landscape found in China suitable for kayaking and boating
 - B. an irregular limestone region with round streams, and caves
 - C. a large number of islands and islets in Viet Nam and China
 - D. the explosive that can blow tourists away if they are not careful

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the sentence that is combined from two following sentences.

38. Jack went to Ha Noi. He wanted to see Ho Chi Minh's Mausoleum and Hoan Kiem Lake.
- A. Jack went to Ha Noi to want to see Ho Chi Minh's Mausoleum and Hoan Kiem Lake.
 - B. Jack went to Ha Noi, wanted to see Ho Chi Minh's Mausoleum and Hoan Kiem Lake.
 - C. Jack went to Ha Noi to see Ho Chi Minh's Mausoleum and Hoan Kiem Lake.
 - D. Jack went to Ha Noi and see Ho Chi Minh's Mausoleum and Hoan Kiem Lake.
39. He answers all questions about President Ho Chi Minh. No one can do that.
- A. He is the only person to answer all questions about President Ho Chi Minh.
 - B. He is the only person answered all questions about President Ho Chi Minh.
 - C. He was the only person to answer all questions about President Ho Chi Minh.
 - D. He is the only person answering all questions about President Ho Chi Minh.
40. My friend has booked a plane ticket to Hue. She wants to see monuments there.
- A. My friend has booked a plane ticket to Hue to see monuments.
 - B. My friend has booked a plane ticket to Hue seeing monuments.
 - C. My friend has booked a plane ticket to Hue seen monuments there.
 - D. My friend has booked a plane ticket to Hue and seen monuments there.

Write sentences about yourself using to-infinitive phrases from the cues given.

41. yesterday/ call the dentist's office/ make an appointment

→ _____

42. last Monday / go to the library / borrow some books

- _____
43. this morning / take some medicine / get rid of my headache
→ _____
44. yesterday / go to the laundromat / wash my clothes
→ _____
45. this morning / have to run / get to class on time
→ _____

Write complete sentences about the Citadel of the Ho Dynasty, using the words given in their correct forms. You can add some more necessary words, but you have to use all the words given.

46. Ho Dynasty Citadel / listed / UNESCO World Heritage Site / 2011
→ _____
47. It / built/ 1397 / unique architecture/ beautiful natural base
→ _____
48. Ho Dynasty Fortress / Thanh Hoa Province/ only one ancient stone Citadel /left/ Southeast Asia
→ _____
49. moreover/ Ho Fortress /built/ many heavy stone packs/ some of which /weigh/ more than 20 tons
→ _____
50. inside / fortress / archeologist / find / stone balls for cannon / one / oldest cannon balls / Asia
→ _____

--- THE END ---

ĐÁP ÁN

UNIT 6: PRESERVING OUR HERITAGE

PART I. THEORY

PART I. VOCABULARY

- **New words** (Từ mới)

Words	Type	Pronunciation	Meaning
1. cultural	adj	/ˈkʌltʃərəl/	liên quan tới văn hoá
2. field trip	n	/ˈfi:ld tri:p/	chuyến đi thực địa
3. heritage	n	/ˈherɪtɪdʒ/	di sản
4. landscape	n	/ˈlændskeɪp/	phong cảnh
5. complex	n	/ˈkɒmpleks/	quần thể, tổ hợp
6. monument	n	/ˈmɒnjumənt/	đài tưởng niệm, công trình kiến trúc
7. ancient	adj	/ˈeɪnʃənt/	cổ kính
8. state	n	/steɪt/	trạng thái

9. original	adj	/ə'ri:dʒənəl/	nguyên bản
10. folk	adj	/fəʊk/	thuộc về dân gian
11. promote	v	/prə'məʊt/	xúc tiến
12. restore	v	/rɪ'stɔ:(r)/	khôi phục, sửa lại
13. historical	adj	/hɪ'stɔ:rɪkl/	thuộc về lịch sử, thuộc về quá khứ
14. historic	adj	/hɪ'stɔ:rɪk/	quan trọng trong lịch sử
15. preserve	v	/prɪ'zɜ:v/	bảo tồn
16. souvenir	n	/,su:və'niə(r)/	quà lưu niệm
17. scenery	n	/ˈsi:nəri/	cảnh vật, phong cảnh
18. appreciate	v	/ə'pri:ʃiət/	trân trọng, hiểu rõ giá trị
19. trending	adj	/ˈtrendɪŋ/	theo xu hướng
20. unusual	adj	/ʌnˈju:ʒuəl/	mới lạ
21. celebrate	v	/ˈselɪbreɪt/	ăn mừng, chào mừng
22. propose	v	/prə'pəʊz/	đề xuất
23. limestone	n	/ˈlaɪmstəʊn/	đá vôi
24. valley	n	/ˈvæli/	thung lũng
25. crowdfunding	n	/ˈkraʊdfʌndɪŋ/	quyên góp, huy động vốn từ cộng đồng
26. fine	n	/faɪn/	khoản tiền phạt
27. citadel	n	/ˈsɪtədəl/	thành trì
28. performing arts	n	/pə, fɔ:mɪŋ ˈɑ:ts/	nghệ thuật biểu diễn
29. festive	adj	/ˈfestɪv/	thuộc về ngày lễ hội, có không khí lễ hội
30. imperial	adj	/ɪmˈpiəriəl/	thuộc về hoàng tộc

PART II. GRAMMAR

1. To-infinitive clauses

Mệnh đề nguyên thể (to – infinitive) có thể chỉ là một thể hoặc thêm một tân ngữ hoặc trạng từ theo sau

Example: A ride on a London bus is the best way to see the city.

We need to act quickly.

Chú ý: Trạng từ đôi khi đi trước nguyên thể. Nó đôi khi cũng có thể nằm giữa to và động từ.

Example: I didn't expect you suddenly to change your mind.

I didn't expect you to suddenly change your mind.

• Cách dùng

1. Diễn tả mục đích	Example: I am trying to learn English well <u>to find a better job</u> .
2. Dùng mô tả (cụm) danh từ	+ Số thứ tự Example: Neil Amstrong was the <u>first</u> person <u>to land on the moon</u> The <u>last</u> person <u>to leave</u> should <u>turn off the light</u> .
	+ So sánh nhất Example: <u>The most popular</u> important thing <u>to remember</u> is his <u>general presence</u> . Immunization, that's <u>the cheapest</u> way <u>to save a child's life</u> .
	+ Next, only Example: The <u>only</u> person <u>to understand</u> the joke.

PART II. LANGUAGE

A. PHONETIC

Exercise 1: Mark the intonation in the following sentences, using ↘ (falling intonation) or ↗ (level-rising intonation). Then practice saying them in pairs.

1. We should make clubs more interesting for teenagers. ↘
2. It is important to raise people's awareness of its importance. ↘
3. Forms of cultural heritage include folk music ↗, singing ↗, and dancing. ↘
4. We can go on a tour by boat ↗, see areas of natural beauty ↗, and listen to folk music. ↘
5. All buildings are kept in their original state. ↘
6. Young people can contribute more to heritage preservation. ↘
7. We can see its natural beauty with beautiful limestone mountains ↗, valleys ↗, and rivers. ↘
8. She enjoys reading novels set in the 19th century. ↘
9. Cultural heritage may include temples ↗, pagodas ↗, and monuments. ↘
10. The most UNESCO World Heritage Sites in Viet Nam are Hoi An ↗, Phong Nha Cave ↗, Thang Long Citadel ↗, Hue Citadel ↗ and Ha Long Bay. ↘

Exercise 2: Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions.

- | | | | |
|------------------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------------|---|
| 1. A. <u>any</u> | B. p <u>l</u> an | C. c <u>a</u> n | D. f <u>a</u> n |
| 2. A. f <u>o</u> cal | B. s <u>o</u> ng | C. f <u>o</u> lk | D. g <u>o</u> |
| 3. A. c <u>u</u> lture | B. r <u>u</u> bbish | C. cl <u>u</u> b | D. t <u>r</u> uly |
| 4. A. <u>h</u> istory | B. <u>h</u> eritage | C. w <u>h</u> ether | D. <u>h</u> eavy |
| 5. A. <u>ch</u> orus | B. <u>ch</u> eck | C. <u>ch</u> allenge | D. <u>ch</u> eerful |
| 6. A. <u>s</u> ite | B. m <u>i</u> x | C. t <u>r</u> ip | D. r <u>e</u> ceive |
| 7. A. w <u>i</u> ll | B. l <u>o</u> cal | C. p <u>o</u> stcard | D. <u>a</u> cross |
| 8. A. b <u>o</u> rr <u>o</u> wing | B. g <u>o</u> vernment | C. p <u>r</u> ogram | D. p <u>r</u> omotion |
| 9. A. p <u>o</u> ss <u>e</u> ssion | B. a <u>cc</u> ess | C. p <u>r</u> op <u>e</u> rty | D. A <u>m</u> erican |
| 10. A. l <u>a</u> ng <u>u</u> age | B. W <u>a</u> les | C. A <u>u</u> str <u>a</u> lia | D. p <u>r</u> on <u>u</u> nci <u>a</u> tion |

Exercise 3: Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position of primary stress in each of the following questions.

- | | | | |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|
| 1. A. <u>i</u> dea | B. w <u>i</u> nn <u>e</u> r | C. p <u>o</u> stcard | D. m <u>u</u> sic |
| 2. A. e <u>n</u> try | B. s <u>t</u> udent | C. c <u>o</u> untry | D. <u>a</u> dvice |
| 3. A. s <u>o</u> ci <u>e</u> ty | B. <u>i</u> nformation | C. t <u>r</u> aditional | D. e <u>n</u> couragement |
| 4. A. m <u>e</u> dia | B. h <u>e</u> ritage | C. <u>i</u> mportance | D. i <u>n</u> strument |
| 5. A. s <u>c</u> enery | B. <u>c</u> ondition | C. m <u>o</u> nument | D. h <u>i</u> story |
| 6. A. p <u>r</u> eserve | B. r <u>e</u> turn | C. r <u>e</u> store | D. <u>d</u> amage |
| 7. A. m <u>o</u> nument | B. h <u>i</u> story | C. <u>i</u> mportance | D. o <u>r</u> igin |
| 8. A. <u>o</u> rdinary | B. p <u>e</u> destrian | C. a <u>p</u> preciate | D. t <u>r</u> aditional |
| 9. A. b <u>e</u> autiful | B. <u>t</u> errific | C. w <u>o</u> nderful | D. m <u>a</u> rvelous |
| 10. A. <u>f</u> inance | B. s <u>e</u> rvice | C. o <u>r</u> der | D. c <u>o</u> mpany |

B. VOCABULARIES AND GRAMMARS

Exercise 1: Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.

1. We visited an exhibition of _____ art.
A. folk B. scenic C. magnificent D. intact
2. The art students were told to sketch the _____.
A. fine B. limestone C. landscape D. monument
3. He drew his inspiration from traditional Vietnamese _____.
A. folk music B. floating market C. imperial citadel D. heritage site
4. We want to _____ the character of the town while improving the facilities.
A. emerge B. preserve C. bury D. appreciate
5. The Imperial Citadel of Thang Long is also an interesting _____ area everyone should pay a visit.
A. geographical B. archaeological C. geothermal D. geological
6. The _____ relics stolen from the museum haven't been found yet.
A. limestone B. dynasty C. excavation D. worship
7. The town's modem _____ is very well integrated with the old.
A. citadel B. craftsman C. dynasty D. architecture
8. Some old buildings were pulled down to make space for a new shopping _____.
A. fine B. limestone C. temple D. complex
9. Tu Duc's Tomb is set in a poetic _____ of a pine forest and a magnificent lake.
A. lotus B. preservation C. mosaic D. scenery
10. The King wanted to create a romantic _____ around him so that he could enjoy sightseeing and making poem.
A. lake B. landscape C. tomb D. forest
11. Many important _____ documents were destroyed when the library was bombed.
A. poetic B. geological C. historical D. archaeological
12. Our heritage tells the story of who we are as a people and helps to _____ our identity and our sense of belonging.
A. alter B. adopt C. preserve D. balance
13. They also suggested creating _____ topics or challenges on social media.
A. trending B. latest C. new D. hot
14. These monuments are a vital part of the _____ of South America.
A. cultural heritage B. picturesque C. heritage site D. floating market
15. These groups will provide information about local heritage sites, organise special events to celebrate local _____, and invite young people to discuss issues related to preserving the heritage.
A. investments B. appointments C. festivals D. parties
16. Besides Con Moong Cave, other significant _____ sites have been investigated and excavated.
A. environmental B. technological C. important D. archaeological
17. The Imperial Citadel of Thang Long is a cultural complex comprising royal palaces and _____.
A. monuments B. citadel C. craftsman D. dynasty
18. The badly neglected paintings have all been carefully _____.
A. restored B. damage C. donate D. suggest
19. Modernizing _____ buildings can often do more harm than good.
A. imperial B. historic C. folk D. ancient
20. The National Heritage Board's (NHB) mandate, as the custodian of Singapore's heritage, is to preserve, commemorate and promote their tangible and intangible _____ heritage.

21. The tour of the cave and grotto system is the main _____ for tourists in Phong Nha - Ke Bang National Park.
 A. cultural B. culture C. culturally D. intercultural
22. Hoi An Ancient Town is quite special among the heritage sites because it is in a good state of _____.
 A. preserve B. preservation C. preservative D. preservatives
23. The ancient settlement has now been found, several years after the archaeological _____ began.
 A. excursion B. evacuation C. excavation D. execution
24. The World Heritage Site is famous for its _____ features and cultural values.
 A. geography B. geological C. geothermal D. geographical
25. The _____ items in Con Moong Cave are now kept in Thanh Hoa Museum for preservation and displaying work.
 A. excavation B. excavated C. excavator D. excavating
26. Hoi an Ancient Town is preserved in a _____ intact state.
 A. remarkable B. remark C. remarked D. remarkably
27. The clubs will organise training for students who want to learn folk songs, a _____ musical instrument, or folk dancing.
 A. traditional B. tradition C. traditionally D. traditions
28. People's lack of knowledge about cultural heritage is a big _____ that we must find a solution to.
 A. issue B. task C. interest D. result
29. Preserving the national heritage can present a _____ to many nations, especially if they have many sites.
 A. product B. fine C. present D. challenge
30. A non-profit organization uses its website to reach people around the world and collects _____ from ones who want to help.
 A. donations B. donate C. to donate D. donating
31. The island's _____ is similar to Hawaii's.
 A. landscape B. appearance C. area D. landslide
32. How many _____ buildings are damaged by fire each year?
 A. history B. historical C. historic D. past
33. They want to _____ the castle to its former glory.
 A. return B. restore C. preserve D. gain
34. No fluorescent lights, no motorcycles, no television, on the 15th day of each lunar month, the riverside town of Hoi An _____ modem life the night off.
 A. gives B. lets C. brings D. turns
35. As an ancient _____ tale it became the source of n umber of legends.
 A. funny B. folk C. simple D. terrible
36. They will feel that their voices are heard, and they can contribute _____ society.
 A. at B. to C. from D. from
37. The area near the Royal palace gates was crowded _____ tourists
 A. from B. with C. to D. at
38. The archaeological excavations that led _____ the discovery of the ancient city lasted hundred years.
 A. to B. on C. with D. from

39. The report offers suggestions _____ improvement to policy.
A. about B. to **C. for** D. with
40. The building is _____ a bad state of repair.
A. in B. on C. at D. of
41. Participants are encouraged to give voice _____ their personal hopes, fears and dreams.
A. for B. of C. about **D. to**
42. It was a real team effort - everyone contributed something _____ the success of the project.
A. about **B. to** C. for D. with
43. Children can have fun and learn _____ music at the same time.
A. for B. of **C. about** D. to
44. I didn't have enough time _____ the newspaper today
A. reading B. is reading **C. to read** D. read
45. He came home by taxi. He didn't have enough energy _____ home.
A. walked B. to walking C. walking **D. to walk**
46. 'Would you like something _____?' - 'Yes, please. A cup of coffee.'
A. drinking B. have drunk **C. to drink** D. drunk
47. Emma Thompson is the most famous actor _____ on the stage here.
A. appeared **B. to appear** C. appear D. appearing
48. My friends offered _____ a holiday in Ha Long Bay for a change.
A. to take B. taking C. on taking D. of taking
49. The guest on our show is the youngest golfer _____ the Open.
A. winning **B. to win** C. won D. being won
50. We need a bag _____ these things in.
A. put B. putting **C. to put** D. have put
51. There will be a meeting next week _____ the problem.
A. will discuss B. discussed C. discussing **D. to discuss**
52. I wish I had enough money _____ a new bike.
A. had bought B. bought **C. to buy** D. buying
53. The captain was the last _____ the sinking ship.
A. whom to leave B. left C. that leaving **D. to leave**
54. Melanie was the only person _____ a letter of thanks.
A. written **B. to write** C. writing D. wrote
55. He went to Britain _____ English.
A. learn B. learning **C. to learn** D. learned
56. It took me twenty minutes _____ along the walking street in District 1.
A. walking **B. to walk** C. walk D. walked
57. They've just passed their exams. They're having a party _____.
A. have celebrated B. celebrating C. celebrated **D. to celebrate**
58. I can't do all this work alone. I need someone _____ me.
A. to help B. helped C. helping D. is helping
59. We expect him _____ tomorrow.
A. arrive B. arriving **C. to arrive** D. will arrive
60. It was 11 pm, so we needed _____ a taxi home.
A. to take B. taken C. taking D. take

61. Lily always encourages her son _____ harder to get a better place at the University.
A. to study B. studied C. study D. studying
62. Would you like _____ to my birthday party tonight?
 A. coming B. come C. came **D. to come**
63. I saw Hoa at the party but we didn't have a chance _____ to each other.
A. to talk B. talked C. be talking D. talking
64. I need some new clothes. I haven't got anything nice _____.
 A. wearing B. wore **C. to wear** D. weared
65. It was difficult _____ a date which was convenient for everyone.
 A. making **B. to make** C. make D. made
66. New Zealand was the first country _____ women the vote.
 A. who gave B. that give **C. to give** D. giving
67. Who was the last one _____ the classroom yesterday?
A. to leave B. had left C. left D. leaving
68. It is the hardest problem _____.
 A. to do **B. to solve** C. to make D. to deal
69. These ingredients are the best _____ the meal.
A. to cook B. cooking C. has cooked D. to be cooked
70. This honor film is the worst _____ at midnight.
 A. to view B. to look at C. to stare **D. to watch**

Exercise 2: Complete the following sentences with the correct form of the words in brackets.

- Cat Ba Archipelago bears the exceptionally natural values with its **tropical** forests which cover the limestone system and the mangrove wetlands. (tropic)
- Besides the **historical** value of geology, Phong Nha Ke Bang is also favoured with the mysterious and majestic landscapes by nature. (history)
- Two 10th grade students suggested forming **historical** societies or local groups who have a keen interest in their history and heritage. (history)
- Management and **preservation** in Hoi An are further strengthened through master planning and action plans. (preserve)
- In 1805, King Gia Long requested the building of a new, smaller citadel called Ha Noi Citadel with a new **architectural** style. (architecture)
- Trang An is a **scenic** landscape complex that includes limestone karst mountains, caves, rivers, and rice paddies. (scenery)
- The Complex of Hue Monuments is a **combination** of many royal monuments from the Nguyen Dynasty. (combine)
- As for me, the Citadel of the Ho Dynasty is one of the most **attractive** destinations in Viet Nam because of its value. (attract)
- Homestay has become **trending** when historic travel is on the rise. (trend)
- Restoration** of Cultural Heritage is an international degree programme at University of Bologna in Italy. (restore)

Exercise 3: Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the word(s) CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

- The Taj Mahal Complex, which includes the tomb, mosque, guest house, and main entryway, was named a World Legacy Location in 1983 and has kept the original characteristics of the structures.

- A. primitive B. perfect C. distinctive **D. initial**
2. All buildings are kept in their original state. It's a great place to explore.
A. change B. defeat **C. discover** D. broaden
3. Many people can take advantage of the comfort and elegance of five-star hotels and extravagance voyage ships.
A. victory B. satisfaction C. merit **D. grace**
4. The mausoleum's building symbolizes the ultimate achievement of Muslim art's architectural and artistic brilliance.
A. confesses B. restores C. proves **D. represents**
5. Visitors can enjoy mountain climbing in addition to exploring the caverns and grottoes and observing the local flora and fauna.
A. flowers and grass B. flowers and plants
C. plants and animals D. plants and vegetation
6. The majority of Thang Long's Imperial Citadel was demolished in the early 20th century.
A. came up **B. pulled down** C. looked for D. got on
7. There are always new surprises waiting for guests as they wander around this spectacular location.
A. uncommon **B. magnificent** C. weird D. beautiful
8. For example, you can go on a boat trip there to enjoy the beautiful landscape.
A. painting B. picture C. opinion **D. scenery**
9. More than 70 architectural pieces, mostly towers, temples, and tombs, make up the My Son Sanctuary, which is a sizable collection of religious artifacts.
A. royal B. internal **C. holy** D. invaluable
10. The Taj Mahal is a gigantic white marble mausoleum in Agra, India. It is regarded as an outstanding work of art.
A. notable B. momentous C. unforgettable D. attractive

Exercise 4: Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the word(s) OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

1. The people's committee of Lam Dong province took prompt action and effectively resolved the issue of erosion from the hills to the center of Da Lat city.
A. uneffectively B. indifferently **C. ineffectively** D. unefficiently
2. The residents of HCM city seemed fully satisfied with the result of expanding The Walking Street in District 1.
A. pleased B. contented **C. disappointed** D. joyful
3. In the majority of nations, mass tourism creates a growing threat to the preservation of historic sites.
A. risk B. danger **C. protection** D. insecurity
4. In Ha Long Bay, visitors may see and do a lot for an affordable cost.
A. costive **B. exorbitant** C. reasonable D. stingy
5. The Thang Long Royal Citadel was initially constructed during the Ly Line and afterwards expanded by subsequent dynasties.
A. successive **B. preceding** C. nearby D. surrounding
6. We should increase efforts to preserve Ca Tru because nowadays there are very few Ca Tru musicians left.
A. protect B. defend **C. destroy** D. guard

7. The larger fish appeared to be **scarce** during 1992- 1993, most probably due to overexploitation of resources in the fishing areas.

A. abundant

B. selfish

C. tight

D. enormous

8. Due to its **unique** construction methods, the Ho Dynasty's Citadel's main stone parts are still intact.

A. common

B. special

C. ancient

D. admirable

9. In the heritage zones, we occasionally need to **take the initiative** in order to complete tasks swiftly.

A. make the last decision

B. make important changes

C. raise the first idea

D. sacrifice for others

10. In contrast to many others, I was very **depressed** by Hoi An Ancient Town's beauty.

A. fed up with

B. sick of

C. satisfied with

D. tired of

Exercise 5: Rewrite the answers in the short exchanges using to-infinitive phrases.

Example: Why did you come here?

Because I wanted to see my friends.

→ I came here to see my friends.

1. Q: Why do you go to the beach every weekend?

A: Because I like swimming

→ She goes to the beach every weekend to swim.

2. Q: Why did you move to Ha Noi?

A: I wanted to find work.

→ He moved to Ha Noi to find work.

3. Q: Why are you leaving home?

A: I'm going to university in Tokyo.

→ She is leaving home to go to university in Tokyo.

4. Q: Why are you having a party?

A: It's my seventeenth birthday, and I want to celebrate it.

→ He is having a party to celebrate his seventeenth birthday.

5. Q: Why do you get up at five every morning?

A: I do my training then.

→ He gets up at five every morning to do his training.

6. Q: Why are you saving money?

A: I want to buy a new smartphone.

→ She is saving money to buy a new smartphone.

7. Q: Why did you buy a new suit?

A: I want to wear it at the office party.

→ He bought a new suit to wear it at the office party.

8. Q: Why did you turn on TV very late last night?

A: We wanted to watch the World Cup final match.

→ They turned on TV very late last night to watch the World Cup final match.

PART III. SKILLS

A. LISTENING

Exercise 1: Listen to the conversation. Decide if the following sentences are true (T) or false (F).

Statements

True False

1. Dan wants to see the city nightlife.		✓
2. Nam suggests visiting the Central Sector of the Imperial Citadel of Thang Long.	✓	
3. The Central Sector of the Imperial Citadel of Thang Long remains intact.		✓
4. Visitors can see the Flag Tower of Ha Noi and the stone dragons at Kinh Thien Palace.	✓	
5. Dan and Nam will visit the Thang Long Imperial Citadel at the weekend.	✓	

Transcript

The Central Sector of the Imperial Citadel of Thang Long

Nam: Hi, Dan! Have you planned your city tour?

Dan: Not yet. What would you recommend?

Nam: Do you like to see the nightlife?

Dan: Not really. I just want to go sightseeing around the city.

Nam: How about visiting the Central Sector of the Imperial Citadel of Thang Long?

Dan: What's so special about it?

Nam: It's one of the eight UNESCO World Heritage Sites in Viet Nam.

Dan: How exciting! What exactly is it? Tell me more about it.

Nam: It's a cultural complex comprising royal palaces and monuments.

Dan: Is it still intact or in ruins?

Nam: Well, most of the citadel, first built during the Ly Dynasty in the 11th century and then expanded by subsequent dynasties, was demolished in the early 20th century.

Dan: What a pity! Which part of the citadel can we see now?

Nam: Well, the only structure to remain intact is the Flag Tower of Ha Noi built in 1812 during the Nguyen Dynasty. We can also see the stone dragons of Kinh Thien Palace and relics associated with many Vietnamese royal families, discovered during archaeological excavations.

Dan: Sounds great! When shall we go there?

Nam: Do you prefer a weekday or the weekend?

Dan: The weekend suits me better. Shall we go there this Sunday?

Nam: Sure. See you on Sunday morning then. I'll pick you up at 7.

Dan: Thank you, Nam. I'll wait for you.

Nam: You're welcome

Exercise 2: Listen to the recording and fill in the blank with the words you hear.

The ancient town of Hoi An lies on the Thu Bon River, 30 km south of Da Nang. It was formerly a major trading port in Southeast Asia between the 16th and the 17th centuries. Hoi An was also an (1) **important** centre for Dutch, Portuguese, Italian, Chinese, Japanese and other merchant ships from the Far East.

Hoi An is famous for its old temples, pagoda s, (2) **ancient** homes and narrow streets. All the houses were made of wood and their pillars were carved with (3) **ornamental** designs.

One of the main attractions of Hoi An is the Japanese Bridge, which was built in the 16th century and is still well-preserved. All visitors to Hoi An are recommended a visit to the Assembly Hall of Cantonese Chinese Congregation. This house was built in 1855 and still keeps many precious objects that belonged to the Chinese community of Hoi An. Another (4) **attractive** address to tourists is Tan Ky House, which was

constructed nearly two centuries ago as a house for a Vietnamese merchant. The house now looks almost exactly as it did in the early 19th century.

In recent years, Hoi An has become a popular tourist (5) **destination** in Viet Nam. In 1999, it was certified by UNESCO as a World Cultural Heritage Site.

B. SPEAKING

Exercise 1: Choose the correct response. Then practise the short exchanges in pairs.

- | | |
|--|--|
| 1. A: Why don't we visit Trang An Scenic | B: a/ Good. We can enjoy many monument Landscape Complex?
b/ Great. It's 'Ha Long Bay on Land'. |
| 2. A: Why is the Citadel of the Ho Dynasty unique? | B: a/ Because the Citadel became empty a long time ago.
b/ Because it's the only stone citadel in Southeast Asia. |
| 3. A: Shall we give a presentation about Taj Mahal? | B: a/ Right. It's a World Heritage
b/ Not really. It's a long distance from us. |
| 4. A: Why do so many people want to explore Son Doong Cave? | B: a/ It belongs to a national park.
b/ It's the largest grotto in the world. |
| 5. A: Why is the Japanese Bridge in Hoi An very well-known? | B: a/ You can admire the original architecture.
b/ It requires repairing and restoration. |
| 6. A: How about visiting the Thang Long Imperial Citadel when we stay there? | B: a/ Good. There are many souvenirs to buy.
b/ Yes. I'd like to see the stone dragons. |
| 7. A: What's the icon of Ha Long Bay? | B: a/ It's Fighting Cock Island.
b/ It's famous for thousands of rocks. |
| 8. A: Let's go to Hue Imperial Citadel. | B: a/ Great. We can see the royal tombs there
b/ We can learn its history and traditions. |
| 9. A: Have you ever visited Hoi An Ancient Town? | B: a/ Yes, we came to some ancient homes.
b/ Shall we go to My Son Sanctuary then? |
| 10. A: Which is a natural wonder of the world between the USA and Canada? | B: a/ It's Niagara Falls.
b/ You can enjoy many beautiful landscapes. |

Exercise 2: Complete the conversation about a trip to My Son Sanctuary, using the sentences (A-F) given. There is one extra sentence that you do not need.

- A. He helps us learn about the history, architectural styles and cultural significance of the temples.
- B. On arriving at the My Son area, we will take a short 500m walk through lush hillsides, trees and brush, before entering the main site.
- C. It still represents one of the most outstanding Hindu temple complexes in Southeast Asia.
- D. And with his help, we know which Hindu gods memorialized at My Son.
- E. Well, let's go to My Son Sanctuary, located 50 kilometres southwest of Hoi An.
- F. Some 20 remains out of more than 70 temples that once spread out over the beautiful valley; several are well-preserved while others are in ruins, some damaged during the war.

Nick: We've just had an awesome trip around Hai An. What would you recommend doing next, Phong?

Phong: (1) **E**

Nick: Oh, it's also the other UNESCO Heritage Site in Quang Nam Province. Can you tell me the cultural values of the site?

Phong: From the 4th to the 13th centuries, the Champa Kingdom flourished on the coast of Viet Nam with My Son as its religious and intellectual center. (2) **C**

Nick: I see. What can we see there?

Phong: (3) **F**

Nick: Wouldn't it be better to have a tour guide go with us?

Phong: Good idea! (4) **A**

Nick: Why don't we ask him also to explain the influence of India and Hinduism on the Champa people?

Phong: Sure. (5) **D**

Exercise 3: Choose the correct responses

1. Paul and Daisy are talking together.

Paul: "I believe tickets for visiting HaLong Bay on the normal days will become more affordable."

Daisy: "_____."

A. It doesn't matter at all.

B. There is no doubt about that.

C. It is very kind of you to say so.

D. I am sorry to hear that.

2. John was in Hanoi and wanted to send a parcel to his parents. He asked a local passer-by the way to the post-office.

John: "Can you show me the way to the Square from Hoang Kiem Lake, please?"

Passer-by: "_____"

A. Not way, sorry.

B. Just round the corner over there.

C. Look it up in a dictionary!

D. There is no traffic near here.

3. Tom and Mary are talking together.

Tom: "_____ " Mary: "That's a good idea."

A. Why not take a trip to the Citadel in Hue this summer holiday?

B. What happened to the Citadel in Hue after the storm?

C. Have you heard about the Citadel in Hue?

D. How can we book a tour to the Citadel in Hue this summer holiday?

4. Tom and Mary are talking together.

Tom: "Each of us should join hand to protect the World Heritage Sites." Mary: "_____ "

A. I can't do it.

B. I totally agree.

C. That's not true.

D. That's too bad.

5. Tom and Mary are taking a vacation together.

Tom: "_____ " Mary: "That's a good idea! Then we'll still have a couple of hours left."

A. I'd like to suggest we see the Imperial first. Then we'll have more time for the second attraction.

B. Why don't we see the Imperial first? Then we'll have more time for the second attraction.

C. What do you think about we see the Imperial first? Then we'll have more time for the second attraction.

D. How about see the Imperial first? Then we'll have more time for the second attraction.

6. Sarah and Liam are talking together.

Sarah: "Would you like to join our trip to Phong Nha Cave this summer?" Liam: " _____ "

A. Do you think I would?

B. I would not thank you.

C. Yes, you are a good friend.

D. Yes, I would love to, thanks.

7. Tom and John are talking together.

Tom " How did you get to Hoi An Ancient Town in Quang Nam? John:" _____ "

- A. I came here last night. **B. I came here by train.**
C. The train is so crowded D. Is it far from here?

8. Tom and Mary are taking a vacation together.

Tom: "Are you going to Wales for a vacation again this year?" Mary: " _____ "

- A. I'm going somewhere abroad where I can be sure of some sun.
B. Not likely! I'm going somewhere abroad where I can be sure of some sun.
C. Sure! I'm going somewhere abroad where I can be sure of some sun.

9. Helen and Kim are talking together.

Helen: "Would you rather go to the Bai Chay beach or to Phu Quoc Island?" Kim: " _____ "

- A. That's very nice of you. **B. The beach definitely.**
C. I'd love to go. D. Thanks for the mountains.

10. Tom and Mary are taking a vacation together.

Tom: " _____ " Mary: "I'd like to see a cultural one."

- A. Would you like to visit a natural or a cultural world heritage site?**
B. Which site is worth visiting in Hue? The Citadel or the Royal Tombs?
C. Would you like to go to Tomb of Minh Mang or the Citadel of the Ho Dynasty?
D. Do you prefer seeing the Citadel of the Ho Dynasty or Tomb of Minh Mang
D. Actually, I'm going somewhere abroad where I can be sure of some sun.

C. READING

Exercise 1: Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to choose the word or phrase that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 1 to 5.

① Preserving heritage is a collective responsibility that requires conscious efforts and strategic approaches. Firstly, documentation plays a crucial role (1) _____ safeguarding heritage. It involves thorough research, and documentation of historical records, artifacts, and oral traditions (2) _____ with a particular heritage. This process helps create an extensive archive that serves as a reference for future generations and aids in understanding and appreciating the significance of heritage.

Secondly, active conservation measures must be implemented to protect physical heritage. This includes regular (3) _____, restoration, and preventive measures to prevent deterioration and damage.

Collaboration between heritage experts, conservation professionals, and local communities is essential to ensure the proper implementation of conservation techniques while respecting the integrity and authenticity of the heritage. (4) _____, promoting public awareness and engagement through educational programs, guided tours, and cultural events can (5) _____ a sense of pride and ownership among the community, encouraging their active participation in heritage preservation.

(Adapted from National Geographic)

- | | | | |
|---------------------|--------------------|---------------|-----------------------|
| 1. A. of | B. for | C. at | D. in |
| 2. A. equipped | B. collaborated | C. connected | D. associated |
| 3. A. maintain | B. maintaining | C. maintained | D. maintenance |
| 4. A. However | B. Moreover | C. Therefore | D. Otherwise |
| 5. A. foster | B. enhance | C. enlarge | D. widen |

② One remarkable Vietnamese heritage is the ancient town of Hoi An, (1) _____ in Quang Nam Province. Hoi An stands as a living testament to the region's rich cultural history and (2) _____ marvels. This UNESCO World Heritage site exhibits a harmonious fusion of indigenous, Chinese, Japanese, and

European influences, reflecting its vibrant trading past. The town's well-preserved streets, (3) _____ with colorful buildings, traditional wooden houses, and iconic Japanese-covered bridges, offer a glimpse into the thriving trading port (4) _____ once attracted merchants from across the globe. Hoi An's enduring charm lies not only in its physical beauty but (5) _____ in its bustling markets, traditional craft workshops, and diverse culinary delights, making it an enchanting destination that encapsulates the cultural essence of Vietnam.

(Adapted from *The Forbes*)

- | | | | |
|---------------------|-----------------|--------------|-----------------|
| 1. A. locating | B. located | C. locate | D. to locate |
| 2. A. architectural | B. architecture | C. architect | D. architecting |
| 3. A. equipped | B. dealt | C. adorned | D. come |
| 4. A. where | B. which | C. who | D. when |
| 5. A. for | B. instead | C. as | D. also |

Exercise 2: Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C [or D] on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 1 to 5.

① Preserving our heritage is a crucial task that involves safeguarding our cultural history and identity. It means protecting both the physical objects and the intangible aspects of our past that have been passed down to us. Things like historical sites, artifacts, traditions, and languages are all part of our heritage and deserve to be taken care of.

Nations should be in an attempt to preserve their heritage because heritage allows future generations to learn from and appreciate the accomplishments and struggles of those who came before us. **It** helps us understand where we come from and how our societies have developed over time. When we preserve our heritage, we also feel a strong sense of belonging, as it connects us to our shared history and cultural practices. In addition, preserving heritage promotes cultural diversity and encourages communication between different cultures. It helps us appreciate the **uniqueness** of each culture and promotes respect and understanding among people. By celebrating and protecting our diverse heritage, we create opportunities for cultural exchange, which brings people together and helps build a more harmonious and inclusive society.

Preserving heritage is not just a responsibility; it is an investment in our collective memory, identity, and the future well-being of generations to come. So let's cherish and protect our heritage, ensuring that it continues to enrich and inspire us for years to come.

(Adapted from *Heritage Daily*)

- Which of the following can be the best title for the passage?
 - A. The Importance of Preserving Cultural Heritage
 - B. Safeguarding Our Heritage for Future Generations
 - C. Promoting Cultural Diversity through Heritage Preservation
 - D. The Significance of Heritage in Building Inclusive Societies
- According to paragraph 1, preserving heritage means _____.
 - A. protecting the environment around us so that it will be sustainable
 - B. carefully protecting historical sites and tourist attractions
 - C. protecting both tangible and intangible aspects of our inherited past
 - D. protecting the traditional values passed down from previous generations
- The word "**it**" in paragraph 2 refers to _____.
 - A. future generation
 - B. heritage
 - C. nation
 - D. accomplishments and struggles

4. The word "**uniqueness**" in paragraph 2 is closest in meaning to _____.
A. differentiation B. similarity C. resemblance **D. distinctiveness**
5. Which of the following is not true according to the passage?
A. Preserving heritage helps us understand our roots and societal development.
B. Heritage preservation fosters a strong sense of belonging.
C. Protecting physical objects is more important than intangible aspects of heritage.
D. Preserving heritage promotes cultural diversity and intercultural understanding.

② In 1959, the government of Egypt was working on a plan to build a dam on the River Nile. It was called the Aswan Dam, and it was intended to generate electricity and allow the river water to be used for agriculture. There was one big problem with the plan, though. The dam would flood a nearby valley that contained ancient Egyptian treasures, including two enormous stone temples.

It can be difficult for governments to choose culture and history over economics. However, if countries always made decisions like this, the majority of the world's ancient sites would end up being destroyed. Luckily, UNESCO stepped in. They formed a committee that tried to convince Egypt to protect its ancient treasures. With support from many countries, they were finally successful. The huge temples were carefully removed from their original site and moved to a safe location so that the dam could be built.

UNESCO is an agency of the United Nations. The United Nations is a partnership between countries from all over the world. They are joined to help promote world peace, enforce human rights, and help countries develop. UNESCO is a part of the United Nations that is concerned with science and culture.

After their success in saving the temples in Egypt, UNESCO went on to save more sites around the world. They protected lagoons in Venice, ruins in Pakistan, and temples in Indonesia. With industrialization changing the world rapidly, there were many sites that needed to be saved. **Eventually**, UNESCO formed the World Heritage Organization to protect important natural and historic sites wherever it was necessary.

By now, the World Heritage Organization has protected hundreds of sites ranging from beautiful natural islands to buildings in large cities to ancient ruins. If you're able to visit any of the many protected sites, you'll agree it was worth it.

1. Why did UNESCO get involved in Egypt?
A. Egypt was planning to build a dam that would harm ancient temples.
B. Egypt was planning to build a valley for agriculture and electricity.
C. Egypt was planning to create a dam right on top of an ancient temple.
D. When the dam flooded a valley, several treasures were discovered.
2. Which of the following is true according to paragraph 2?
A. Most governments prefer to sell their treasures.
B. Money sometimes seems more important than all other things.
C. Governments are never able to consider two things at once.
D. Governments usually don't know anything about their culture.
3. The United Nations would probably not be involved in _____.
A. helping a poor country improve its agriculture
B. trying to solve a violent conflict between two nations
C. developing a new spacecraft for travel to the moon
D. protesting against the killing of the tribes people of a country
4. The word "**Eventually**" in the passage is closest in meaning to _____.
A. firstly B. reasonably **C. finally** D. seriously

5. Why is the World Heritage Organization more important now than it would have been years ago?

- A. Countries didn't cooperate in the past.
- B. Cities were smaller back then.
- C. There were not as many interesting sites 200 years ago.
- D. Modern business and production are changing the world.

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Exercise 3: Read the passage about the Complex of Yen Tu Monuments and Landscape, and the answer the questions.

The Complex of Yen Tu Monuments and Landscape

The Complex of Yen Tu Monuments and Landscape is located on the Dong Trieu Range, at the intersection of two provinces: Quang Ninh and Bac Giang. Relics on a excavated under the ground in the Complex of Yen Tu Monuments and Landscape have proved a long history of cultural exchanges in the country. The heritage site, with dozens of pagod towers and small temples, and thousands of antiquities - especially old books, preserves spiritual values of True Lam Zen Buddhism and the cultural traces of the Dai Viet civilization. The values of True Lam Zen Buddhism and Dai Viet culture have been kept throughout history of Viet Nam, promoted to other countries in the world by generations of Zen mast and will be retained in the future.

Truc Lam is a pure Vietnamese Zen Buddhism which focuses on inner feelings but at the same time enters into life with a forgiveness approach. True Lam aims to connect religion to life in a positive way and builds a lose link to true patriotism. King Tran Nhan Tong, the founder of Truc Lam, was the one who collected a lot of older books to guide Buddhists and followers of True Lam Zen Buddhism on how to practice their religion and become good people

`Yen Tu is thought of as a natural ecological museum due to its rich bio-diversity. The natural landscape of this place met the requirements of a Buddhism center, which was why it was chosen by Vietnamese Buddhism followers as a place to come and build small temples covered with grass, to practice their religion

1. What has proved that Yen Tu has a long history of cultural exchanges in the country?

→ Relics on and excavated under the ground in Yen Tu have proved that.

2. What attractions can visitors see at Yen Tu?

→ They can see dozens of papodas, towers and small temples, and thousands of antiquities.

3. What does the heritage site preserve?

→ It preserves spiritual values of Truc Lam Zen Buddhism and the cultural traces of the Dai Viet civilization.

4. What does True Lam Zen Buddhism aim to do?

→ Truc Lam aims so connect religion to life in a positive way and builds a close link te true patriotism.

5. What did King Tran Nhan Tong do for followers of True Lam Zen Buddhism?

→ He collected a lot of older books to guide Buddhists and followers of Truc Lam Zen Buddhism on how to practise their religion and become and people.

6. Why was Yen Tu chosen a Buddhism center?

→ Because the natural landscape of this place met the requirements of a Buddhism center.

D. WRITING

Exercise 1: Write sentences about ways to preserve heritage sites, using the words given.

Problems and Solutions

0. Development activities and construction harm the heritage site.

1. company / ordered / unload the illegal construction / return / landscape / its original form

→ The company it ordered to unload the illegal construction and return the landscape to its original form.

2. authorities / raise / people's awareness / protecting / heritage.

→ The authorities should raise people's awareness of protecting the heritage.

3. local people / oppose / any illegal construction / sites.

→ Local people should oppose any illegal construction in the sites

4. fine / not strong enough / discourage / illegal construction projects / seriously harm heritage sites

→ The fine is not strong enough to discourage illegal construction projects that seriously harm heritage sites.

5. any cases involving violations / be dealt / stronger punishment / preserve heritage sites / their original conditions

→ Any cases involving violations will be dealt with stronger punishment to preserve heritage sites to their original conditions

SHORT TEST UNIT 6

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions.

- | | | | |
|-------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| 1. A. cit <u>adel</u> | B. <u>a</u> ncient | C. app <u>re</u> ciate | D. st <u>a</u> te |
| 2. A. hist <u>o</u> ric | B. <u>co</u> mplex | C. m <u>o</u> nument | D. f <u>o</u> lk |
| 3. A. r <u>e</u> store | B. p <u>re</u> s <u>er</u> ve | C. h <u>i</u> st <u>o</u> ric | D. l <u>a</u> ndsc <u>a</u> pe |

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position of primary stress in each of the following questions.

- | | | | |
|------------------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| 4. A. mon <u>u</u> ment | B. nat <u>i</u> onal | C. h <u>i</u> st <u>o</u> ric | D. crow <u>d</u> fund <u>i</u> ng |
| 5. A. r <u>e</u> cogn <u>i</u> zed | B. t <u>o</u> ur <u>i</u> sm | C. c <u>u</u> lt <u>u</u> ral | D. tr <u>a</u> dit <u>i</u> on |

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.

6. Historical and government records can help you trace your _____.
A. quality B. tradition C. heritage D. feature
7. The remains of the Roman fort are well _____.
A. preserved B. kept C. treated D. healed
8. She specialises in _____ novels set in 18th-century England.
A. history B. historical C. ancient D. past
9. At the age of 5, Michael began performing in clubs as part of a folk _____ trio with his parents.
A. melody B. sound C. song D. music
10. Teachers have organised a _____ trip to a recycling factory.
A. foreign B. business C. field D. pleasure
11. Tony pretended _____ me when I waved to him.
A. not seeing B. not to see C. not see D. to not see
12. Marie Curie was the first woman _____ two Nobel prizes.
A. who awarded B. to be awarded C. awarding D. that was awarding
13. The captain is the last person _____ the sinking ship.
A. to leave B. to remain C. to wait D. to stop

14. Part-time workers at the company are the first _____.
 A. that is laid off B. who lay off C. being laid off **D. to be laid off**
15. Is English the most popular language _____ in the world? .
 A. be spoken B. to have spoken **C. to be spoken** D. speaking

Fill in each blank in the passage with the correct word below. There are three extra word

site	civilization	relics	culture
layers	representatives	archaeologists	evolution

Con Moong Cave is located in the South of Mo Village, Thanh Yen Commune, Thach Thanh District, Thanh Hoa Province lying in the area of Cuc Phuong National Park. Con Moong is an airy and nice cave. The (16) **archaeologists** have excavated the southwestern entrance which exist site the evidence of ancient (17) **culture**.

Con Moong archaeological (18) **site** is really a key for the understanding of Viet Nam and Southeast Asian prehistory; It has confirmed the continuation of artful technique to make cobble tools with representatives from Son Vi Culture to Hoa Binh Culture, and then Bae Son Culture. Co Moong Cave may show the (19) **evolution** of human beings from the end of Old Stone Age, transiting through the Middle Stone Age, to the beginning of New Stone Age; from hunting and gathering to planting and breeding, getting rid of primitive age to evolve (20) **civilization** age.

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the word(s) CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

21. *Ca Tru* should be **preserved** because nowadays there are very few *ca tru* musicians left.
 A. provided B. pretended **C. kept** D. held
22. The video went viral and quickly became a **trending** topic on YouTube.
 A. favorable **B. fashionable** C. upgrading D. going up

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the word(s) OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

23. The government should pass a law in which they **prevent** local people from destroying historic places.
 A. follow **B. encourage** C. care D. protect
24. Our team is well-equipped to **deal with** challenging situations.
 A. control B. support C. manage **D. ignore**

Circle A, B, C, or D to indicate the correct response to each of the following exchanges.

25. Jane is talking to Sue.
 Sue: Can you tell me the way to the theater? Jane: _____
 A. No. I can't. I can't say anything.
B. Walk along this street and it's just around the corner.
 C. Don't walk. It's quite far.
 D. Turn left or turn right?
26. Sue is asking Jane.
 Sue: How can I get to the post office from here? Jane: _____
 A. You can get to the post office easily. B. You can get to the post office by car.
C. Go straight ahead. Take the first turn on the left. D. Go away and don't come back until I call you.
27. Jane and Sue are talking to each other.
 Jane: Which is the easiest way to go to the National University? Sue: _____
A. Walking along the street and turning left at the traffic light.

- B. Walking is good for your health.
- C. I don't think walking is a good solution.
- D. I love walking there.

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Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to choose the word or phrase that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 28 to 32.

Hoan Kiem Lake is an attractive body of water right in the heart of Ha Noi. Legend has it that in the mid-15th (28) _____, Heaven gave Emperor Le Thai To (Le Loi) a magical sword which he used to fight against the Chinese, the Ming aggressors, out of Viet Nam. After t one day when he was out sailing in the lake, a giant golden tortoise suddenly grabbed sword and (29) _____ into the depths of the lake. Since then, the lake has been known as Hoan Kiem Lake (Lake of the Restored Sword) (30) _____ it is believed.

The tiny Tortoise Pagoda, topped with a red star, is (31) _____ a small island in the middle of the lake; it is often used as an emblem of Ha Noi. Every morning around 6 am local residents can be seen around Roan Kiem Lake (32) _____ their morning exercise, jogging or playing badminton.

- | | | | |
|--------------------------|-------------------|------------|-------------------|
| 28. A. festival | B. century | C. time | D. occasion |
| 29. A disappeared | B. endangered | C. lost | D. escaped |
| 30. A. although | B. however | C. so | D. because |
| 31. A. at | B. on | C. in | D. above |
| 32. A. to do | B. doing | C. to make | D. making |

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 33 to 37.

Ha Long Bay

Ha Long Bay is a group of offshore islands that is the best example of marine invaded limestone region in t e world. The Bay holds over 1,600 islands and islets. There are caves and grottoes, with stalactites and stalagmites. Its limestone pillars are a unique natural feature of great scenic beauty and biological interest. The great extent and the richness of its forms sets it apart from many other sites.

Ha Long Bay is an extremely popular destination both for foreigners and Vietnamese: already in the early 1990s it saw over 1 million visitors a year. It is unlikely that the number has decreased over the years - so there will always be about 3,000 other people in the Bay at the same time as you!

The natural beauty of the Bay lay hidden today under a very common fog. As I had already seen the similar **karst** landscape in China a couple of years before, I certainly said that I was blown away by the beauty of Ha Long Bay. We went onto one of the islands to visit the Surprising Cave - an indeed surprisingly big and beautiful cave with three hollow chambers. We saw some monkeys here too, just outside the cave exit.

Part of the tour was half an hour of kayaking- enough to paddle a full circle around the main area. The views from the kayak I found much more impressive than from the larger boat: you're so tiny then and the peaks rise sharply in front of you. I had a better look at the water too, and cannot say that I saw pollution by plastic or other junk floating around. There is a thin layer of oil on the water in some parts though. And then it's time to get back in the bus to Ha Noi, another 3.5 hours. The tour was carried out well with good seafood for lunch and I had a satisfying day.

33. The attraction that Ha Long Bay offer to tourists is _____.

- A. a large number of islands and islets

- B. the largest limestone region in the world
- C. its caves and grottoes, with stalactites and stalagmites
- D. its unique value of landscape and biology**

34. The writer was _____.

- A. able to escape from an explosion in Ha Long Bay
- B. very impressed by the beauty of Ha Long Bay**
- C. unable to see Ha Long Bay due to the fog
- D. really frightened of visiting the Surprising Cave

35. All of the following statements are true about Ha Long Bay **EXCEPT** that _____.

- A. the writer thought its beauty surpassed many other sites.
- B. the writer didn't think the number of tourists had decreased over the years
- C. the writer saw some monkeys in the chambers of the Surprising Cave.**
- D. it took three and a half hours to travel from Ha Noi to Ha Long by bus.

36. During half an hour of kayaking, the writer found that _____.

- A. he was more impressed by the view from the kayak than by that from the boat**
- B. the problem of pollution there was serious with plastic or other junk floating around
- C. he could see the peaks rise sharply in front of him
- D. he could see a thin layer of oil on the water in a full circle around the main area

37. The word "**karst**" in paragraph 3 is closest in meaning to _____.

- A. the common landscape found in China suitable for kayaking and boating
- B. an irregular limestone region with round streams, and caves**
- C. a large number of islands and islets in Viet Nam and China
- D. the explosive that can blow tourists away if they are not careful

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the sentence that is combined from two following sentences.

38. Jack went to Ha Noi. He wanted to see Ho Chi Minh's Mausoleum and Hoan Kiem Lake.

- A. Jack went to Ha Noi to want to see Ho Chi Minh's Mausoleum and Hoan Kiem Lake.
- B. Jack went to Ha Noi, wanted to see Ho Chi Minh's Mausoleum and Hoan Kiem Lake.
- C. Jack went to Ha Noi to see Ho Chi Minh's Mausoleum and Hoan Kiem Lake.**
- D. Jack went to Ha Noi and see Ho Chi Minh's Mausoleum and Hoan Kiem Lake.

39. He answers all questions about President Ho Chi Minh. No one can do that.

- A. He is the only person to answer all questions about President Ho Chi Minh.**
- B. He is the only person answered all questions about President Ho Chi Minh.
- C. He was the only person to answer all questions about President Ho Chi Minh.
- D. He is the only person answering all questions about President Ho Chi Minh.

40. My friend has booked a plane ticket to Hue. She wants to see monuments there.

- A. My friend has booked a plane ticket to Hue to see monuments.**
- B. My friend has booked a plane ticket to Hue seeing monuments.
- C. My friend has booked a plane ticket to Hue seen monuments there.
- D. My friend has booked a plane ticket to Hue and seen monuments there.

Write sentences about yourself using to-infinitive phrases from the cues given.

41. yesterday/ call the dentist's office/ make an appointment

→ **Yesterday I called the dentist's office to make an appointment.**

42. last Monday / go to the library / borrow some books

→ **Last Monday I went to the library to borrow some books.**

43. this morning / take some medicine / get rid of my headache

→ This morning I took some medicine to get rid of my headache.

44. yesterday / go to the laundromat / wash my clothes

→ Yesterday I went to the laundromat to wash my clothes.

45. this morning / have to run / get to class on time

→ This morning I had to run to get to class on time.

Write complete sentences about the Citadel of the Ho Dynasty, using the words given in their correct forms. You can add some more necessary words, but you have to use all the words given.

46. Ho Dynasty Citadel / listed / UNESCO World Heritage Site / 2011

→ Ho Dynasty Citadel was listed as a UNESCO World Heritage Site in 2011.

47. It / built/ 1397 / unique architecture/ beautiful natural base

→ It was built in 1397 with unique architecture and beautiful natural base.

48. Ho Dynasty Fortress / Thanh Hoa Province/ only one ancient stone Citadel /left/ Southeast Asia

→ Ho Dynasty Fortress in Thanh Hoa Province is the only one ancient stone Citadel left in Southeast Asia.

49. moreover/ Ho Fortress /built/ many heavy stone packs/ some of which /weigh/ more than 20 tons

→ Moreover, Ho Fortress was built with many heavy stone packs, some of which weigh more than 20 tons.

50. inside / fortress / archeologist / find / stone balls for cannon / one / oldest cannon balls / Asia

→ Inside the fortress, archeologist found the stone balls for cannon, one of the oldest cannon balls in Asia

--- THE END ---