

ĐỀ CƯƠNG ÔN TẬP GIỮA KÌ II - KHỐI 10

PRONUNCIATION

Choose the word which has a different sound in the part underlined.

- | | | | |
|-------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------|----------------------|
| 1. A. <u>g</u> ender | B. <u>e</u> quality | C. <u>b</u> enefit | D. <u>st</u> rength |
| 2. A. <u>c</u> amp | B. <u>a</u> ctivity | C. <u>m</u> ath | D. <u>e</u> ducation |
| 3. A. <u>p</u> overty | B. <u>o</u> rganisation | C. <u>f</u> orm | D. <u>g</u> rowth |
| 4. A. <u>a</u> im | B. <u>a</u> tttractive | C. <u>e</u> ducate | D. <u>s</u> afe |
| 5. A. <u>ch</u> allenge | B. <u>ch</u> aracteristic | C. <u>ex</u> change | D. <u>ch</u> arity |

Choose the word which has a different stress pattern from that of the others.

- | | | | |
|------------------|-----------------|----------------|----------------|
| 1. A. domestic | B. violent | C. meaningful | D. serious |
| 2. A. educate | B. develop | C. organize | D. celebrate |
| 3. A. uneducated | B. organization | C. competitive | D. traditional |
| 4. A. digital | B. personal | C. excellent | D. electric |
| 5. A. efficient | B. exciting | C. distracting | D. portable |

VOCABULARY

- _____ against women and girls should be eliminated when government and people co-operate.
A. Equality B. Discrimination C. Dissatisfaction D. Disbelief
- The government will soon _____ the problem of inequality in wages.
A. establish B. abolish C. sue D. address
- Gender discrimination cannot _____ people from doing a job of dream.
A. enroll B. address C. prevent D. insist
- Reducing gender _____ improves productivity and economic growth of a nation.
A. differences B. possibility C. inequality D. rights
- UNICEF is now _____ schools and families with educational supplies to help lower costs.
A. providing B. improving C. contributing D. making
- The United Nations (UN) was _____ in 1945.
A. found B. form C. create D. established
- Since joining the UN, Vietnam has become more active and has _____ in many UN activities including peacekeeping.
A. interest B. participated C. aimed D. promote
- Many young people carry a pair of earbuds as they are small, light, and _____.
A. chargeable B. economical C. portable D. transferable
- _____ means helping stop people fighting.
A. disadvantaging B. peacekeeping C. harm D. training
- This International organisation has a clear goal. It _____ to help children grow healthily.
A. aims B. hopes C. shares D. trains
- Teachers can use some..... to get students more interested in the lessons.
A. plans B. tips C. strategies D. benefit
- In ...learning, students may have face-to-face discussions, take online tests and submit homework online.
A. normal B. blended C. traditional D. personal
- Online courses give students the chance to work at their own
A. pace B. notes C. rate D. room
- Teachers can create a classroom blog for students to post ideas and
A. materials B. comments C. activities D. experiences
- Many teachers have tried to change their classrooms into a modern learning environment.
A. blended B. traditional C. original D. electrical
- She should focus _____ the subjects that are required in the entrance exam.
A. on B. in C. of D. about
- We all need to cooperate to fight _____ racism and gender discrimination.
A. for B. against C. in D. about
- The UNDP has provided Viet Nam and other developing countries _____ practical advise.
A. in B. of C. on D. with
- The United Nations is responsible _____ ensuring world peace.

20. Like children elsewhere, children in the US have greatly benefited _____ modern technology.
 A. by B. for C. to D. with
21. In English class yesterday, we had a discussion _____ different cultures.
 A. of B. from C. in D. with
21. In English class yesterday, we had a discussion _____ different cultures.
 A. around B. about C. for D. from

Choose the word(s) CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

1. In some rural areas, women and girls are forced to do most of the housework.
 A. invited B. encouraged C. contributed D. made
2. There are a lot of poor people who are shortage of food, clean water for their daily activity.
 A. hunger B. struggle C. lack D. variety
3. One advantage of learning going digital is that students no longer have to carry the weight of papers and textbooks with them to school.
 A. online B. electric C. computer-based D. modernized

Choose the word(s) OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

1. The United Kingdom has made a remarkable progress in gender equality.
 A. insignificant B. impressive C. notable D. famous
2. Viet Nam is a member of different international organisations.
 A. similar B. various C. expensive D. heavy
3. In my country, it is compulsory to go to school between the ages of five and sixteen.
 A. necessary B. essential C. optional D. selective

GRAMMAR

MODALS IN PASSIVE VOICE

1. In Muslim countries, changes _____ to given women equal rights to natural or economic resources, as well as access to ownership.
 A. mustn't be made B. must make C. must be made D. mustn't make
2. Gender equality _____ only when women and men enjoy the same opportunities.
 A. will be achieved B. will achieve C. won't achieve D. won't be achieved
3. In order to reduce gender inequality in South Korean society, women _____ more opportunities by companies.
 A. should provide B. should be provided C. ought to provide D. ought be provided
4. Child marriage _____ in several parts in the world because it limits access to education and training.
 A. mustn't be stopped B. must stop C. must be stopped D. mustn't stop
5. In Egypt, female students from disadvantaged families _____ scholarships to continue their studies.
 A. will be given B. will give C. won't give D. won't be given

COMPARISON

1. Commercial centres are _____ they were many years ago.
 A. as popular than B. more popular than
 C. the most popular D. most popular than
2. Computers are considered as _____ tools today.
 A. much modern than B. the most modern C. modern as D. more modern
3. A supermarket is _____ a shopping centre.
 A. less convenient as B. not so convenient than
 C. less convenient than D. the most convenient as
4. Can Tho is _____ from Saigon than Bien Hoa is.
 A. farer B. farther C. far D. furthest
5. This girls sings _____ than her classmates.
 A. better B. well C. gooder D. more good

RELATIVE CLAUSES

1. "What do you want to do this summer?" – "I think we should go somewhere _____ has plenty of sun and sand."
 A. who B. where C. when D. that
2. My teacher, _____ has been teaching for 25 years, finds it hard to make use of electronic devices in her teaching.
 A. whom B. which C. who D. whose
3. Qualifications are exam results _____ prove you have reached a certain level.
 A. which B. Ø C. that D. Both A and C
4. Tina gave her ticket to the concert to John, _____ then sold it to Nick.

- A. which B. he C. who D. whom
 5. That's the actor _____ autograph I got last year.
 A. whose B. who C. who's D. whom

COMMUNICATION

1. John: I suppose that worrying mothers are good educators for their children
 - Mary: "_____."
 A. I agree with you. They know little about educating
 B. I couldn't agree more. They are able to teach them at home
 C. That's true. They don't know how to teach their children
 D. Because educators are teachers
 2. Nam: "As women live longer than men. should they retire later?" - Lan: "_____."
 A. When women are retired, they want to enjoy life.
 B. When men are retired, they still want to continue working.
 C. The government is still discussing the retirement age.
 D. I don't think so. Physically, they are weaker, and they need to retire earlier.
 3. Tom: Mai, there's an exhibition showing UNICEF's activities. Do you feel like seeing it?
 Mai: Yes, _____. Where shall we meet?
 A. I'd love to B. I love it C. I like it D. I'd like it
 4. Tan: Lan, do you want to join our volunteer activities? - Lan: Sure. _____.
 A. It is great B. Sounds great C. I'm sorry D. It sounds easy

READING

Read the passage and choose the answer that best suit each blank.

In the United States, the gender earnings ratio suggests that there has been an increase in women's earnings compared to men. Men's plateau in earnings began after the 1970s, allowing for the increase in women's wages to close the ratio between incomes. Despite the smaller ratio between men and women's wages, disparity still exists. Census data suggests that women's earnings are 71 percent of men's (1) _____ in 1999. As women entered the workforce in larger numbers since the 1960s, occupations have become segregated based (2) _____ the level of femininity or masculinity associated with each occupation. Census data suggests that some occupations have become more gender integrated (mail carriers, bartenders, bus drivers, and real estate agents). In other areas, (3) _____, the reverse is true: occupations such as teachers, nurses, secretaries, and librarians have become female-dominated while (4) _____ including architects, electrical engineers, and airplane pilots remain predominately male in composition. Women seem to occupy jobs in the service sector at higher rates than men. Women's overrepresentation in these jobs as opposed to jobs that require managerial work acts as a reinforcement of women and men into traditional (5) _____ role that might influence persisting gender inequality.

1. A. earnings B. earning C. to earn D. earn
 2. A. in B. on C. at D. of
 3. A. however B. moreover C. additionally D. but
 4. A. opportunities B. individuals C. forces D. occupations
 5. A. male B. female C. gender D. age

Read the passage and choose the best answer

World Health Organization (WHO), a specialized agency of the United Nations with its headquarters in Geneva- Switzerland, was established in 1948. According to its constitution, it is "the directing and coordinating authority on international health work" and is responsible for helping all people to attain "the highest possible levels of health." In 1987 the organization had 166 member countries.

The services of agency may be either advisory or technical. Advisory services include aid in training medical personal and in *disseminating* knowledge of diseases such as AIDS; maternal and child health; population planning; and environmental sanitation. The agency maintains health-application of modern techniques to **improve** general health condition and to combat specific diseases interfering with agricultural productivity and overall economic development. The technical services include collection and dissemination of epidemiological information, special international research projects on parasitic and rival diseases, and publication of a series of technical and scientific works.

Notes:

- disseminate (v) spread widely

1. World Health Organization 's headquarters are situated in _____.
 A. the United Nations B. New York, the United States.

- C. Geneva- Switzerland
D. many different countries.
2. Which of the following is **TRUE** of WHO?
A. It was founded in the late 1900
B. It was a national organization.
C. In 1987 the organization had 199 member countries.
D. Its purpose is to attain “the highest possible levels of health.”
3. Which of the following is **NOT** an area of advisory services?
A. aid in training medical personal
B. disseminating knowledge of diseases
C. maternal and adult health
D. population planning
4. The word “**improve**” in the paragraph means_____.
A. enhance
B. reduce
C. save
D. collect
5. It can be inferred from the text that_____.
A. WHO is concerned with either advisory or technical services
B. maternal and child health is not the main focus of WHO
C. WHO specializes in publishing scientific works
D. WHO emphasizes industrial development

Read the passage and choose the best answer

WHAT IS YOUR LEARNING STYLE?

If you find yourself learn better by making notes during the lecture, or when the teacher uses a new word, you want to see **it** written immediately, then you are very likely to be a more **visual** learner. You prefer to see the written words. You learn by reading and writing. Visual learners often think in pictures. If you find a particular task or text difficult, look for sources that will suit your learning style, e.g. sources with illustrations, charts, tables, or videos.

If you prefer recording the lecture and listening again to taking notes, or you memorize something by repeating it aloud instead of writing it out several times, you are probably a more **auditory** learner. You prefer to learn by listening and speaking. Auditory learners often learn best from lectures, discussions, by reading aloud, and by listening to audio material.

However, it is probably that you, like most people, learn through a mixture of styles. Sometimes you may prefer to learn by reading, at other time by listening. Ask yourself which is the best style for the particular task you are doing.

1. Which of the following is probably NOT preferred by a visual learner?
A. reading aloud
B. sources with illustrations
C. sources with videos
D. making notes
2. What does the word "it" in paragraph 1 refer to?
A. the lecture
B. the new word
C. the note
D. the written word
3. The word “visual” in paragraph 1 is closest in meaning to _____.
A. picturesque
B. written
C. illustrative
D. seeable
4. Which of the following statement is TRUE?
A. Auditory learners hate taking notes.
B. Auditory learners prefer listening to speaking.
C. Most people are auditory learners.
D. When learning something by heart, an auditory learner prefers reading it out loud.
5. The word "auditory" in paragraph 2 can be best replaced by _____.
A. discussive
B. noisy
C. audible
D. recordable

WRITING

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the underlined part that needs correction in each of the following questions.

1. We're winning (A) 2-0 with only (B) a minute to go (C). We can't beat (D) now.
2. “What (A) is the most long (B) river in the world(C)?” asked the teacher.
3. That is the more (A) boring film that (B) my friend and I have ever seen.
4. Before I came(A) to England, I hadn't had(B) the opportunity to speak to(C) people their(D) native tongue is English.
5. Mr Peterson who(A) has worked(B) for the same school all his life(C), is retiring(D) next month.
6. There are(A) some teachers in our school which try(B) to improve(C) the quality of teaching by making(D) use of hi-tech

WRITING

Rewrite the following sentences, using the instruction in the bracket.

MODALS IN PASSIVE VOICE

1. They will catch all the prisoners again tonight.

→ All the prisoners _____

2. He could repair the broken vase.

→ The broken vase _____

3. Government ought to limit the number of cars.

→ The _____

4. The government should create more job opportunities for women in rural areas.

→ More _____

5. We should provide health care insurance for everyone.

→ Everyone _____

→ Healthcare insurance _____

COMPARISON

1. This exercise is more difficult than that one is.

→ That exercise

2. The weather yesterday wasn't as well as the weather today.

→ The weather today

3. Tom doesn't work as hard as we do.

→ We

4. Because of poorly designed packaging, our products are less competitive than foreign products

→ Because of poorly designed packaging, foreign products.....

5. No place is more attractive this destination in this city.

→ This destination.....

RELATIVE CLAUSE

1. This architect designed these flats. He has moved to HCM City.

=>

2. A man stole £10,000 from a bank. The police have caught him.

=>

3. He was sitting on a chair. It was uncomfortable.

=>

4. The film is about Napoleon king. His ambition was to rule the world.

=>

5. This is the most beautiful dress . I have it.

=>

Write a paragraph (120 - 150 words) about the benefits for Viet Nam as a member of international organisations.

Writing a paragraph (120 - 150 words) about the benefits of blended learning