

REVISION FOR THE FIRST MID-TERM TEST (2025-2026)

ENGLISH 9

I. Choose the word or phrase (A, B, C, or D) to complete the following sentences:

1. Nam: "Why do you think English is so important nowadays?"
Lan: "Because it is spoken _____."
A. in Vietnamese newspapers C. only in England
B. all over the world D. at the bottom of the page
2. Nam: "What did people often do in the evening in the past?"
Lan: "_____. They didn't have televisions or the internet."
A. They read books or talked together B. They watched Netflix
C. They played video games D. They used smartphones
3. Yesterday, I _____ my old English teacher when I was walking in the park.
A. came across B. turned on C. noted down D. looked up
4. My sister is an artist. She loves to sit in the country and _____ the trees.
A. bake B. sketch C. marriage D. relative
5. I used to love going to the temple with my mom on her _____.
A. stall B. generation C. tuk-tuk D. cottage
6. Alex: How was the Chinese movie? Was it hard to follow?
Ben: It was great! The Chinese movie was shown with English _____.
A. definition B. subtitles C. a TV screen D. dictionary
7. Teacher: What is the best way to teach students to be independent thinkers?
Emily: New teaching _____ encourage children to think for themselves.
A. websites B. subtitles C. lyrics D. methods
8. It was very hot, so she _____ the fan to cool the room.
A. turned on B. turned off C. looked up D. noted down
9. You must _____ your seatbelt before the car starts moving.
A. fasten B. to fasten C. fastening D. fastened
10. When they were younger, they used to _____ some cakes every evening.
A. bake B. baked C. cook D. cooked
11. We should work hard to _____ difficulties.
A. overcome B. continue C. experience D. have
12. Sophia: Tell me about your father.
James: My father is the _____ in my family; he goes to work every day to earn money for the family.
A. cottage B. connection C. relative D. breadwinner
13. Emma: "What did you use to do when you were a teenager?"
Naomi: "_____"
A. We used to play football. B. They did a lot of outdoor physical activities.
C. She used to swim in the river. D. It sounds nice.
14. Mia: Do you think it's important to be good at English?
Noah: Absolutely! If you are good at English, you will have many _____ to get a good job with a high salary.
A. ideas B. opportunities C. knowledge D. contents

15. **Mr. Harrison:** Before you hand in your paper, what should you do?
David: I remember to _____ my essay for grammar and spelling mistakes before I hand it in to you.
 A. go over B. turn off C. go on D. note down
16. The younger _____ nowadays use the internet more often than the older one.
 A. marriage B. housewife C. generation D. breadwinner
17. When I was a child, I always _____ my grandparents every weekend.
 A. visit B. visits C. visited D. visiting
18. She wants to stay _____ all her life although her parents have always wanted her to get married soon.
 A. single B. divorce C. breadwinner D. housewife
19. Students shouldn't _____ because it may affect their learning results.
 A. skip school B. go over C. turn off D. note down
20. English is widely spoken around the world, _____ many people want to learn it.
 A. because B. so C. although D. in spite of
21. The students _____ very happy when their teacher canceled the surprise test yesterday.
 A. were B. are C. was D. be
22. **Beth:** "My grandpa used to go fishing on a lake by his cottage."
Mark: " _____ "
 A. Thank you very much B. That sounds awesome
 C. Of course, I will D. Lucky you
23. In the past, people didn't have the internet, _____ they usually gathered to talk in the evenings.
 A. but B. because C. therefore D. although
24. You had better _____ your application before the deadline tomorrow.
 A. to submit B. submitting C. submitted D. submit
25. A: _____
 B: That's a clay pot I made when I was little.
 A. What do you use? B. When did you use the pots?
 C. Where did you live when you were little? D. What's this photo?
26. **Liam:** Do you live with a lot of people?
Olivia: Yes, I do. My friend lives with her _____ family. She lives with her parents, grandparents, aunts, and uncles.
 A. single B. divorced C. extended D. nuclear
27. Studying a popular foreign language creates lots of job opportunities.
 A. marriage B. methods C. contents D. chances
28. This is called a product of Bat Trang pottery _____ it was made in Bat Trang village.
 A. but B. so C. as D. because of
29. She didn't become a _____ after getting married. She continued to work.
 A. breadwinner B. housewife C. house husband D. relative
30. The match was canceled _____ the bad weather.
 A. because of B. although C. but D. so
31. _____ she is very young, she is quite independent.
 A. Because B. Although C. So D. Because of

32. The teacher let the students _____ outside after they had finished their exam.
A. go B. to go C. going D. went
33. **Jessica:** I found an old radio while cleaning my grandpa's house.
Liam: That's cool. Did you _____ to listen to the radio with your family after dinner?
A. use B. used C. using D. uses
34. **Mai:** I have just passed my entrance exam to FPT university.
An: ____!
A. You can say that again B. That's a good idea!
C. Congratulations D. What a pity
35. **David:** Why does your brother work from home?
Maria: Many men don't like being a _____. They think men should earn money for the family.
A. house husband B. housewife C. breadwinner D. relatives
36. Learning some practical skills will be useful for your future _____.
A. content B. marriage C. career D. family
37. **Ella:** I heard you passed the exam. How did you do it?
Lucas: _____ studying very hard, I passed the exam.
A. Because B. Because of C. Therefore D. Thanks for
38. **Liam:** I'm so glad more people are learning foreign languages now.
Chloe: I know! _____, not many people cared about learning foreign languages.
A. These days B. Back then C. Now D. Nowadays
39. **Linh:** I'm getting hungry. What are you in the mood for?
Hien: I want to stop by my favorite food _____ and try some new dishes.
A. clay pot B. bake C. stall D. nephew
40. _____ it was cold, we went swimming.
A. Although B. Because C. So D. Because of

II. PREPOSITIONS:

1. He isn't very good _____ cooking, but he enjoys helping in the kitchen.
A. at B. for C. of D. on
2. Eating fruits and vegetables is very good _____ your health.
A. at B. for C. of D. on
3. We often search for information _____ the internet when doing research.
A. at B. on C. in D. for
4. We watched the movie _____ Japanese with English subtitles.
A. on B. at C. in D. for
5. It is important to take care _____ your personal belongings.
A. at B. on C. for D. of
6. He always looks _____ his younger brother when their parents are away.
A. after B. for C. at D. up
7. I looked _____ the word in the dictionary and learned its meaning.
A. after B. for C. at D. up
8. She looked _____ the street to find her friend's house.
A. after B. for C. at D. up

9. My parents live _____ a small village near the river.
A. at B. on C. in D. for
10. My favorite TV show is broadcast _____ Friday evenings.
A. in B. on C. at D. for

III. Supply the correct form of the word in the brackets:

1. *thankful* → *thankfully*, *official* → *officially*, *international* → *internationally*
2. *improve* → *improvement* / *attend* → *attention* , *choose* → *choice*
3. *foreign* → *foreigners* / *generate* → *generations*, *different* → *differences*
4. *marry* → *married*, *essence* → *essential* / *challenge* → *challenging*
5. *memory* / *compete* / *depend* / *comfort* / *interest* / *use*

1. I need to _____ all the irregular verbs for tomorrow's English test. (memory)
2. We should be _____ that we have access to clean food and water. (thank)
3. _____, our robot project won first prize. (thank)
4. The country's beauty has been _____ promoted through media. (official)
5. Eco-tourism is becoming _____ popular among young travelers. (international)
6. Our school has many students from other countries, including several _____. (foreign)
7. There has been a big _____ in her English speaking skills. (improve)
8. Please pay _____ to the teacher when she is speaking. (attend)
9. Each student can make a good _____ of learning English by joining the club. (choose)
10. Older _____ prefer traditional music, while younger _____ enjoy pop and hip-hop. (generate)
11. Many grandparents tell stories about their _____ (memory)
12. Life in the past was quite _____ from modern life. (differ)
13. Many people wait until they are financially stable before getting _____. (marry)
14. It's _____ to climb Mount Fansipan, but the view at the top is worth it. (challenge)
15. There are many _____ between city life and country life.. (differ)
16. A _____ lifestyle helps you avoid stress and illness. (comfort)
17. Playing sports is one of the most _____ activities for teenagers. (interest)
18. Many people believe that success _____ on having a healthy mind and body. (depend)
19. It's very _____ to take a break from studying and relax sometimes. (use)
20. Tourism plays an _____ role in developing local economies. (essence)
21. The students showed great _____ when taking part in the English Speaking Contest. (compete)
22. Students should have good _____ to remember important scientific facts. (memorable)
23. A truly _____ person never stops asking questions. (interest)
24. Knowledge from books can only be _____ if we apply it in real life. (use)
25. It's _____ to argue with him; he never changes his mind. (use)
26. **Children are often _____ on their parents for financial support. (depend)**
27. **She is now _____ and lives alone in her own apartment. (depend)**
28. Some students think history is _____, but it's full of exciting stories. (interest)

29. The students became serious _____ in the spelling contest. (compete)
30. She _____ in the national swimming competition last year. (competition)

IV. Rewrite each of the following sentences in another way so that it means almost the same as the sentence printed before it. Viết lại câu (4 câu)

1. so ↔ because

1. She thinks she must have a prize because she is beautiful.
→ She thinks _____
2. Ba said he could pass the exam because he worked very hard.
→ Ba said he worked _____
3. The countryside became empty because the inhabitants moved to the city.
→ The inhabitants _____
4. It rained, so we stopped traveling.
→ We _____
5. She worked very hard, so she passed her exams.
→ She passed _____

2. used to / be used to

1. There was a market near my school, but there isn't any more.
→ There used to be _____
2. His brother is no longer a football player.
→ His brother used to be _____
3. I always get up early.
→ I am used to _____
4. Lan usually studies late at night.
→ Lan is used to _____
5. Minh seldom went to class on time.
→ Minh used to _____

3. phrasal verbs: turn up / down , continue / go on , come across / meet sb by chance

1. We continued to join the trip around the countryside.
→ We went _____
2. She went on writing her essay as if nothing had happened.
→ She continued to _____
3. I came across my old teacher at the supermarket yesterday.
→ I met _____
4. Why don't you reduce the volume while the baby is sleeping?
→ Why don't you turn _____
5. You should turn down the music because it's too late.
→ You shouldn't turn the music _____

4. Present Perfect / Past (dạng last)

1. I haven't seen her since 1990.
→ I last _____
2. We haven't lived here for ten years.

- The last time _____
3. The student hasn't written to me for two months .
→ The student last _____
4. Nam hasn't phoned his dad for a month.
→ The last time _____
5. These children haven't watched that movie for a year.
→ These children last _____

V. Choose the word whose underlined part pronounced differently from that of the others:

- | | | | |
|------------------|------------------|-------------|--------------|
| 1. A. lyrics | B. methods | C. careers | D. subtitles |
| 2. A. websites | B. sentences | C. purposes | D. languages |
| 3. A. countries | B. stays | C. hopes | D. wives |
| 4. A. turned | B. belonged | C. checked | D. figured |
| 5. A. improved | B. practised | C. showed | D. used |
| 6. A. checked | B. laughed | C. weighed | D. stopped |
| 7. A. generation | B. international | C. clay | D. bakery |
| 8. A. relative | B. practice | C. career | D. husband |
| 9. A. nation | B. cottage | C. marriage | D. village |
| 10. A. small | B. family | C. grandpa | D. thanks |

VI. Choose the word whose main stress pattern is not the same as that of the others:

- | | | | |
|-------------------|----------------|----------------|------------------|
| 1. A. describe | B. improve | C. forget | D. copy |
| 2. A. explain | B. express | C. combine | D. practise |
| 3. A. remember | B. subtitle | C. favorite | D. article |
| 4. A. extremely | B. information | C. opportunity | D. understanding |
| 5. A. breadwinner | B. connection | C. housewife | D. relative |
| 6. A. single | B. thankful | C. difficult | D. overseas |
| 7. A. generation | B. nephew | C. childhood | D. marriage |
| 8. A. cottage | B. problem | C. pottery | D. career |
| 9. A. divorce | B. overcome | C. include | D. connect |
| 10. A. connect | B. understand | C. extend | D. continue |

VII. Look at the entry of the word '.....' in a dictionary. Use what you can get from the entry to complete the sentences with two or three words.

1. Look at the entry of the word 'opportunity' in a dictionary. Use what you can get from the entry to complete the sentences with two or three words. (0.5 pt)

opportunity *noun*

 A2

OPAL W

 /,ɒpə'tjuːnəti/

 /,ɑːpər'tuːnəti/

[countable, uncountable]

(plural **opportunities**)

★ a time when a particular situation makes it possible to do or achieve something

SYNONYM **chance**

- *Don't miss this opportunity!*
- **opportunity to do something** *You'll have the opportunity to ask any questions at the end.*
- *I'd like to take this opportunity to thank my colleagues for their support.*
- **opportunity for somebody to do something** *The conference offers a unique opportunity for professionals to meet each other.*
- *The internship provides an opportunity for students to learn about the challenges involved.*
- **opportunity for something** *There was no opportunity for further discussion.*

1. Nina _____ to study abroad because she didn't apply in time.
2. The trip abroad will provide an _____ cultural exchange.

2. Look at the entry of the word 'TOUGH' in a dictionary. Use what you can get from the entry to complete the sentences with two or three words. (0.5 pt)

tough /tʌf/ (adjective) (comparative **tougher**, superlative **toughest**)

Idioms **difficult**

1. having or causing problems or difficulties
 - *a tough childhood*
 - *It was a **tough decision** to make.*
 - *During the interview I was asked some really **tough questions**.*
 - *Now Karen must make one of the **toughest choices** of her life.*
 - *She's been having **a tough time of it** (= a lot of problems) lately.*
 - ***Times are tough** at the moment.*
 - *We've got a tough fight ahead.*
 - *He faces **the toughest test** of his leadership so far.*

1. Choosing which university to attend is always a _____ for students.
2. That was _____ I have ever taken in my life.

3. Look at the entry of the word “environment” in a dictionary. Use what you can get from the entry to complete the sentences with two or three words. (0.5 pt).

environment *noun*

 A2

OPAL W

OPAL S

 /inˈvaɪrənmənt/

 /inˈvaɪrənmənt/

- 1 ★  A2 **the environment**
[singular] the natural world
in which people, animals and
plants live



- *The government should do more to **protect the environment**.*
- *to preserve/pollute/harm the environment*
- *damage to the **natural environment***
- *protection/destruction of the marine environment*
- *The environment minister expressed concern over pollution levels.*

1. The conservation of _____ is essential for ocean life.

2. Schools should educate students on ways to _____.

4. Look at the entry of the word 'method' in a dictionary. Use what you can get from the entry to complete the sentences with two or three words. (0.5 pt)

(Từ câu 35 đến câu 36, thí sinh phải viết hai hoặc ba từ cần điền vào Phần trả lời bên dưới câu hỏi).

method *noun*

A2

OPAL W

OPAL S

/ˈmeθəd/

/ˈmeθəd/

Idioms

1 ★ A2 [countable] a particular way of doing something

- *Which method is the most effective?*
- *traditional/alternative methods*
- **method of something** *a scientific method of data analysis*
- **method of doing something** *a reliable method of measuring blood pressure*
- **method for (doing) something** *the best method for arriving at an accurate prediction of the costs*
- **method to do something** *Developing new methods to keep insects out of food packages is critical.*

1. Some teachers still prefer using _____ of teaching instead of modern technology.

2. Exercise is a good _____ stay healthy and reduce stress.

5. Look at the entry of the word 'contact' in a dictionary. Use what you can get from the entry to complete the sentences with two or three words. (0.5 pt)

(Từ câu 35 đến câu 36, thí sinh phải viết hai hoặc ba từ cần điền vào Phần trả lời bên dưới câu hỏi).

contact *noun*

 B1 OPAL W

 /'kɒntækt/

 /'kɑːntækt/

Idioms

act of communicating

1 ★  [uncountable] the act of communicating with somebody, especially regularly

- **contact with somebody** *I don't have much contact with my uncle.*
- *We've been unable to establish radio contact with the pilot.*
- *She's lost contact with* (= no longer sees or writes to) *her son.*
- *I finally made contact with* (= succeeded in speaking to or meeting) *her in Paris.*
- **contact between A and B** *There is little contact between the two organizations.*
- **in contact** *We're no longer in regular contact.*
- **in contact with somebody** *The Foreign Office is currently in close contact with the Indian authorities.*

1. I don't have much _____ my old school friends now.

2. After moving abroad, she quickly _____ her cousins

6. Look at the entry of the word 'convenience' in a dictionary. Use what you can get from the entry to complete the sentences with two or three words.

essential *adjective*

 B1 OPAL W OPAL S

 /ɪ'senʃl/

 /ɪ'senʃl/

1 ★  completely necessary; extremely important in a particular situation or for a particular activity

SYNONYM **vital**

- *an essential part/feature of something*
- *an essential element/ingredient/component of something*
- *The local government is not able to provide essential services such as gas, water and electricity.*
- *Vitamins play an essential role in many body processes.*
- *The museum is closed while essential repairs are being carried out.*
- *The charity will be taking food and essential supplies to six refugee camps.*
- *This book is essential reading for all nature lovers.*
- *All events are free, but booking is essential.*

1. Residents face increases in electricity bills, property taxes, fuel, and other _____.

2. English plays _____ in our everyday lives.

7. Look at the entry of the word 'cottage' in a dictionary. Use what you can get from the entry to complete the sentences with two or three words.

cottage *noun*

 B1

 /'kɒtɪdʒ/

 /'kɑ:tɪdʒ/

a small house, especially in the country

- a **thatched cottage**
- (British English) a holiday cottage
- **in a cottage** James lived in a charming country cottage with roses around the door.

1. Tourists love taking photos of the _____ in the village.
2. There is a warm fireplace _____ where we stayed last winter.

8. Look at the entry of the word 'childhood' in a dictionary. Use what you can get from the entry to complete the sentences with two or three words.

childhood *noun*

 B1

 /'tʃaɪldhʊd/

 /'tʃaɪldhʊd/

[uncountable, countable]

Idioms

★ the period of somebody's life when they are a child

- childhood, adolescence, and adulthood
- He spent his childhood in India.
- She had a happy childhood.
- the problem of childhood obesity
- childhood memories/experiences
- in/during (somebody's) childhood in early childhood
- His interest in farming developed during his childhood in Shropshire.
- memories from childhood
- books you remember from your childhood

1. Playing in the rain is my favorite _____.
2. _____, I lived in a small village with my family.

VIII. Signs :

	1. What does the sign mean? A. Delays B. Arrivals C. Departures D. There's a hotel ahead.	1. _____
	2. What does the sign mean? A. Using wind power is one of the ways to save the world. B. We should save the world by the wind. C. We should use wind for the whole world. D. We should save the wind by the world.	2. _____

3. What does the sign mean?



- A. Keep the door clear.
- B. Do not hang anything here.
- C. Watch out for drones.
- D. Plane is coming.

4. What does the notice say?

- A. The shop offers an 80% discount on all items.
- B. New arrivals will be discounted by 15%.
- C. Customers are allowed up to 20% cashback on each purchase.
- D. Special offers last for the whole November.

BLACK FRIDAY

up to **80%**

SALE OFF **15%** - NEW ARRIVAL

CASH BACK **20%** - BILL FROM 2,000,000VND

17/11 – 21/11

	5. What does the sign say? A. Sorry. We have too many books now. B. Sorry. We can't serve you now. C. You must book early to be full. D. You must be full before booking.
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NOTICE

**Children 12 and under
must be accompanied by
an adult when using the
Swimming Pool**

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6. What does the sign mean?

- A. Children must be supervised while swimming.
- B. Adults cannot use the swimming pool with children.
- C. Children 12 and under must be accompanied by an older sibling when using the Swimming Pool.
- D. There are no children allowed at the swimming pool.

7. The note says:

- A. Lane reserved for pedestrians
- B. Bicycles ahead, proceed with caution
- C. Lane reserved for motorcycles
- D. Lane reserved for bicycles.



8. What does the sign say?

- A. We should stop driving and hire a motorcycle to ride.
- B. We should be careful with motorcycles crossing the road.
- C. We should look for another way to travel or we will be fined.
- D. We should ask for health from the policeman riding a motorcycle.

